

MANUAL

OF

OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

FOR FLOOD MITIGATION

FOR

WIVENHOE DAM

AND SOMERSET DAM

| Revision No. | Date of Approval | Amendment Details | | |
|--------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 | 27 October 1968 | Original Issue | | |
| 1 | 6 October 1992 | Complete revision and re-issue | | |
| 2 | 13 November 1997 | Complete revision and re-issue | | |
| 3 | 24 August 1998 | Change to page 23 | | |
| 4 | 6 September 2002 | Complete revision and re-issue | | |

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page i

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1 | INTRODUCTION | | |
|----------|--|-------------------------------|-----------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | <u>1.5</u> Application and Effect | | ••••• |
| | | | |
| | 1.7 Observance of Manual | | •••••• |
| | 1.8 Provision for Variations t | o Manual | |
| | 1.9 Distribution of Manual | | |
| | | ion | |
| 2 | DIRECTION OF OPERATIO | NS | |
| 4 | | | |
| | 2.1 Designation of Son | ior Flood Operations Enginee | ** |
| | | | |
| | | od Operations Engineer | |
| | | ience of Engineers | |
| | | _ | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | nents | |
| | 2.6 Responsibilities of the Ser | nior Flood Operations Enginee | er |
| | 2.7 Responsibilities of the Flo | od Operations Engineer | |
| | 2.8 Reasonable Discretion | | ••••• |
| | 2.9 Report | | |
| 3 | FLOOD MITIGATION OBJE | CTIVES | 1 |
| | 3.1 General | | 1 |
| | | s | |
| | | 5 | |
| | | | |
| | | ely Spaced Large Floods | |
| | 3.4 Inundation of Urban Are | as | <u></u> 1 |
| | | as s | |
| | | | |
| | 3.6 Provision of Pumping Poo | ol for Power Station | I |
| | 3.7 Disruption to Navigation | | <u></u> 1 |
| 4 | FLOOD CLASSIFICATION | | <u></u> 1 |
| 5 | FLOOD MONITORING AND | WARNING SYSTEM | 1 |
| <u> </u> | | | |
| | | | |
| | | 1 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| <u>6</u> | COMMUNICATIONS | | |
| | | Staff | |
| | | tion | |
| | 6.3 Nature of Information | | <u></u> 1 |
| D | FM QD 1.1 Revision No: 4 | Date: 6/09/02 | Page ii |

| | 6.4 Release of Information to the Public | <u></u> 17 |
|---|--|------------|
| 7 | REVIEW | |
| | 7.1 Introduction | |
| | 7.2 Personnel Training | |
| | 7.3 Monitoring and Warning System and Communication Networks | |
| | 7.4 Operational Review | |
| | 7.5 Five Yearly Review | |
| | WIVENHOE DAM | 20 |
| | 8.1 Introduction | |
| | 8.2 Initial Action | |
| | 8.3 Regulator and Gate Operation Procedures | 20 |
| | 8.4 Flood Control Procedures | |
| | 8.5 Closing Procedures | <u></u> 24 |
| | SOMERSET DAM | |
| | 9.1 Introduction | |
| | 9.2 Initial Action | |
| | 9.3 Regulator and Gate Operation Procedures | 25 |
| | 9.3 Regulator and Gate Operation Procedures9.4 Flood Control Procedure | 25 |
| 0 | EMERGENCY | |
| | 10.1 Introduction | |
| | 10.2 Overtopping of Dams | |
| | 10.3 Communications Failure | |
| | 10.4 Wivenhoe Dam Emergency Procedure | |
| | 10.5 Somerset Dam Emergency Procedure | 29 |
| | 10.5 Somerset Dam Emergency Procedure 10.6 Equipment Failure | <u> </u> |

| Deleted: 1 . INTRODUCTION |
|--|
| . 1¶ 1.1 . Preface . |
| 1¶ |
| 1.2 . Meaning of Terms 2¶ 1.3 . Purpose of Manual 5¶ |
| 1.4 . Legal Authority 5¶ |
| 1.5 . Application and Effect 5¶ 1.6 . Date of Effect 5¶ |
| 1.7 . Observance of Manual 5¶ |
| 1.8 . Provision for Variations to Manual . 5¶ |
| 1.9 Distribution of Manual 6 |
| 1.10 . Authority to Use Discretion . 6¶ |
| 2 _ DIRECTION OF OPERATIONS _ 7¶ |
| 2.1 Statutory Operation 7 |
| 2.1.1 Designation of Senior |
| Flood Operations Engineer 7¶ 2.1.2 . Designation of Flood |
| Operations Engineer 7¶ 2.2 . Qualifications and |
| Experience of Engineers 7 |
| 2.2.1 . Qualifications 7¶ 2.2.2 . Experience 7¶ |
| 2.3 Schedule of Authorities 8 |
| 2.4 . Training . 8¶ 2.5 . Dam Operation |
| Arrangements _ 8¶ |
| 2.6 Responsibilities of the Senior Flood Operations |
| Engineer . 9¶ |
| 2.7 . Responsibilities of the Flood Operations Engineer 9¶ |
| 2.8 . Reasonable Discretion . 9¶ |
| 2.9 . Report 10¶ |
| 3 FLOOD MITIGATION |
| OBJECTIVES 11¶ 3.1 . General |
| 11¶ |
| 3.2 Structural Safety of Dams 11 |
| 3.2.1 . Wivenhoe . 11¶ |
| 3.2.2 . Somerset Dam . 11¶ 3.3 . Extreme Floods and |
| Closely Spaced Large |
| Floods _ 11¶ 3.4 _ Inundation of Urban |
| Areas 12¶ |
| 3.5 . Disruption to Rural Areas . 12¶ |
| 3.6 Provision of Pumping Pool |
| for Power Station 12¶ 3.7 . Disruption to |
| Navigation . 13¶ 4 . FLOOD |
| CLASSIFICATION _ 14¶ |
| 5 . FLOOD MONITORING AND WARNING SYSTEM . 159 |
| 5.1 . General 15¶ |
| 5.2 Operation 15¶ 5.3 Storage of |
| Documentation _ 16¶ |
| 5.4 . Key Reference Gauges . 16¶ 5.5 . Reference Gauge |
| Values 16¶ |
| 6 COMMUNICATIONS 17¶ 6.1 . Communications between |
| Staff _ 17¶ |
| 6.2 Dissemination of Information 17¶ |
| 6.3 Nature of Information . 17¶ |
| 6.4 . Release of Information to the Public 18¶ |
| 7 _ REVIEW _ 19¶ |
| 7.1 . Introduction 19¶ 7.2 . Personnel Training 19¶ |
| 7.3 Monitoring and Wat [1] |

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

APPENDICES

| APPENDIX A EXTRACT FROM ACT | <u></u> 30 |
|---|------------------|
| APPENDIX B AGENCIES HOLDING DOCUMENTS | <u></u> 33 |
| APPENDIX C SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITIES | |
| APPENDIX D GAUGES AND BRIDGES | |
| D.1. KEY REFERENCE GAUGES | .35 |
| D.2. SUBMERGENCE FLOWS FOR BRIDGES | <mark></mark> 36 |
| APPENDIX E WIVENHOE DAM TECHNICAL DATA | <u></u> 37 |
| TABLE E1 STORAGE AND UNCONTROLLED DISCHARGES | |
| TABLE E2 CONTROLLED GATE DISCHARGES | <mark></mark> 36 |
| APPENDIX F SOMERSET DAM TECHNICAL DATA | <u></u> 38 |
| APPENDIX G WIVENHOE DAM GATE OPERATION CONSIDERATIONS | |
| G.1. SPILLWAY OPERATION PRINCIPLES | |
| G.2. RADIAL GATE OPERATING PRINCIPLE | |
| G.3. RADIAL GATES OPERATING LIMITATIONS | 40 |
| G.4. BULKHEAD GATE OPERATING LIMITATIONS | 42 |
| G.5. RADIAL GATE OPERATING PROCEDURES | 43 |
| G.6. EQUIPMENT MALFUNCTION | 43 |
| APPENDIX H SOMERSET DAM AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT | |
| H.1. DISCHARGE REGULATION | |
| H.2. EMERGENCY POWER SUPPLY | |
| H.3. FAILURE OF SPILLWAY GATES MACHINERY | |
| H.5. FAILURE OF SFILLWAY GATES MACHINERY H.4. FAILURE OF SLUICE GATE MACHINERY | |
| | |
| H.5. FAILURE OF REGULATOR MACHINERY | |
| APPENDIX I HYDROLOGIC INVESTIGATIONS | |
| I.1. INTRODUCTION | <u></u> 47 |
| I.2. METHOD | |
| I.3. RAINFALL ANALYSIS RESULTS | 48 |
| I.4. RUNOFF ROUTING MODEL CALIBRATION | 49 |
| I.5. WIVENHOE DAM FLOODS | 50 |
| I.6. SOMERSET DAM FLOODS | |
| I.7 FLOOD CONTROL OPERATION MODEL | |
| | |
| APPENDIX J DRAWINGS | - |
| APPENDIX K BRISBANE RIVER CATCHMENT | <u></u> 54 |
| τ | |

Deleted: APPENDIX A EXTRACT FROM ACT _ 31¶ APPENDIX B. AGENCIES HOLDING DOCUMENTS. 33¶ APPENDIX C. SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITIES. 34¶ APPENDIX D . GAUGES AND BRIDGES . 35¶ D.1. .KEY REFERENCE GAUGES .35¶ D.2. .SUBMERGENCE FLOWS FOR BRIDGES _ 36¶ APPENDIX E . WIVENHOE DAM TECHNICAL DATA ... 37¶ TABLE E1 - STORAGE AND UNCONTROLLED DISCHARGES - 37¶ TABLE E2 - CONTROLLED GATE DISCHARGES . 36¶ GATE DISCHARGES ...09 APPENDIX F . SOMERSET DAM TECHNICAL DATA ...38 APPENDIX G . WIVENHOE DAM GATE OPERATION CONSIDERATIONS . 39¶ G.1. SPILLWAY OPERATION PRINCIPLES ... 39¶ G.2. .. RADIAL GATE OPERATING PRINCIPLE . 39¶ G.3. RADIAL GATES OPERATING LIMITATIONS . 40¶ G.4. _ BULKHEAD GATE OPERATING LIMITATIONS 42¶ G.5. RADIAL GATE OPERATING PROCEDURES . 43¶ G.6. EQUIPMENT MALFUNCTION 43¶ APPENDIX H SOMERSET DAM AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT . 46¶ H.1. _ DISCHARGE REGULATION _ 46¶ H.2. _ EMERGENCY POWER SUPPLY 46¶ H.3. FAILURE OF H.J., FAILURE OF SPILLWAY GATES MACHINERY 46¶ H.4. FAILURE OF SLUICE GATE MACHINERY 46¶ H.5. FAILURE OF REGULATOR MACHINERY . 46¶ APPENDIX I HYDROLOGIC INVESTIGATIONS 47¶ I.1. INTRODUCTION 47¶ I.2. _ METHOD _ 47¶ I.3. RAINFALL ANALYSIS RESULTS 48¶ I.4. RUNOFF ROUTING MODEL CALIBRATION 49¶ I.S. .. WIVENHOE DAM FLOODS .. 50¶ I.6. SOMERSET DAM FLOODS 51¶ I.7. FLOOD CONTROL **OPERATION MODEL 51**¶ I.8 . DOWNSTREAM FLOODING . 52¶ APPENDIX J DRAWINGS 53 APPENDIX K . BRISBANE RIVER CATCHMENT . 54¶

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Date: 6/09/02

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Preface

Given their size and location, it is imperative that Wivenhoe and Somerset Dams be operated during flood events in accordance with clearly defined procedures to minimise hazard to life and property.

Recognising this, the South East Queensland Water Board Act required that the South East Queensland Water Corporation's Technical A dvisory Committee clause to be prepared a manual of operational procedures for the dam during floods. With changes to the controlling legislation, the manual became an approved flood mitigation manual under *Water Act 2000* (extract in Appendix A).

This Manual is the result of a review of the 1998 revision of the Manual. <u>The Corporation is</u> required to review, update the Manual if necessary, and submit it to the Chief Executive for approval prior to its expiry. Any amendments to the basic operating procedures need to be treated similarly.

An expanded flood monitoring a nd warning ra dio tel emetry network (ALERT) has been installed in the Brisbane River Catch ment. Additionally, a computerised flood operational model that allows for rainfall and river modelling in real time based on data from the ALERT system has been developed, im plemented a nd f ully commissioned. The a ccuracy and reliability of the system during a flood event has been proven.

The pr imary objectives have not varied from those defined in the previous m anual of ensuring safety of the dams, their ability to deal with extreme and closely spaced floods, and protection of urban areas. The basic operational procedures have also remained the same. Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam are operated in conjunction so as to maximise the flood mitigation capabilities of the two dams. The procedures outlined in this Manual are based on the operation of the dams in tandem.

Changes from the previous revision (1998) have mostly arisen from the ref inement of gate opening and clo sing sequences based upon experience obtained during flood events whilst using the real time flood operations model. Other changes have been necessary to fit in with the new regulatory regime provided by the commencement of *Water Act 2000*.

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Recognising this, the Water Act 2000 (Extract in Appendix A) required that the South East Queensland Water Corporation's Technical Advisory Committee cause to be prepared a combined manual of operational procedures for Wivenhoe and Somerset Dams for the purpose of flood mitigation.¶

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Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

1.2 Meaning of Terms

In this Manual, save where a contrary definition appears -

"Act"

means the Water Act 2000;

"Agency"

includes a person, a local government and a department of state government within the meaning of the Acts Interpretation Act 1954;

"AHD"

means Australian Height Datum;

'Bureau of Meteorology"

means the Commonwealth Bureau of Meteorology;

"Chairperson"

means the Chairperson of the South East Queensland Water Corporation;

"Chief Executive"

means the Chief Executive or Director General of the Department of Natural Resources and Mines;

"Controlled Document"

means a document subject to managerial control over its contents, distribution and storage. It may have legal and contractual implications;

"Dams"

means dams to which this Manual applies, that is Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam;

"Dam Supervisor"

means the senior on-site officer at Wivenhoe or Somerset Dam as the case may be;

"EL"

means elevation in metres from Australian Height Datum;

"Flood Operations Engineer"

means the person designated at the time to direct the operations of Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam under the general direction of the Senior Flood Operations Engineer and in accordance with the procedures in this Manual;

"FSL"¹ or "FULL SUPPLY LEVEL"

means the level of the water surface when the reservoir is at maximum operating level, excluding periods of flood discharge;

"Gauge"

when referred to in (m) means river level referenced to AHD, and when referred to in (m^3/sec) means flow rate in cubic metres per second;

Revision No: 4

Date:

Date: 6/09/02

Page 2

Deleted: "AFC"¹ or¶ "Acceptable Flood Capacity (AFC)¶

means for a specific dam the overall flood capacity, including freeboard as relevant, which provides an appropriate level of safety against a flood initiated dam failure to protect the community and environment to acceptable risk levels, within the total context of overall dam safety from all causes.¶

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"South East Queensland Water Corporation"¶ means the body corporate constituted by that name pursuant to Part III of the South East Queensland Water Board Act 1979. The Board became a government owned corporation in 2000;¶

Deleted: "DCF"¹ or¶ "Dam Crest Flood"¶ means the flood event which,

means the Hood event which, when routed through the reservoir, results in a still water level in the reservoir, excluding wave effects which for an embankment is the lowset point of the embankment crest.¶

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"EDF"¹ or "Evaluation Design Flood"¶ means the flood used for the design of a Dam at the time of design as defined by the 1986 ANCOLD Guidelines on Design Floods for Dams;¶ "Headworks Operator"

for the purposes of this manual the Headworks Operator is the South-East Queensland Water Corporation:

"Manual" or "Manual of Operational Procedures for Flood Mitigation for Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam"

means the current version of this Manual;

"Power Station"

means the Wivenhoe pumped storage hydro-electric power station associated with Wivenhoe Dam and Split-Yard Creek Dam;

"Senior Flood Operations Engineer"

means the senior person designated at the time pursuant to Section 2.1 of this Manual under whose general direction the procedures in this Manual <u>must</u> be carried out;

"South East Queensland Water Corporation"

means the body corporate constituted by that name pursuant to Part III of the South East Queensland Water Board Act 1979. The Board became a government owned corporation in 2000;

"Technical Advisory Committee"

means the Technical Advisory Committee e stablished pursuant to Section 21 of the South East Queensland Water Board Act 1979, as constituted at the material time.

Deleted: means the agency with which the Corporation has entered into a contract or arrangement with respect to the operation and maintenance of the dams, for the purpose of flood mitigation;

Deleted: "IFF"¹ or "Imminent Failure Flood"¶ means the flood which if exceeded would cause failure of a dam as defined in the 1986 ANCOLD Guidelines on Design Floods for Dams;¶

Manager Dam Safety " or " "Director Dam Safety" " means the suitably qualified and experienced person fulfilling the function of an advisory committee on referable dams pursuant to Part 6 of the *Water Act 2000*;"

Deleted: "Minister"

means the Minister of the Crown who at the material time is charged with the administration of the Act;¶

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"RDF"¹ of¶ "Recommended Design Flood"¶ means the flood which a dam should be designed for in accordance with accepted practices as defined in the 1986 ANCOLD Guidelines on Design floods for Dams;¶

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Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

1.3 Purpose of Manual

The purpose of this Manual is to define procedures for the operation of Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam to reduce, so far as practicable, the effects of flooding, by the proper control and regulation in time of headworks under the control of the Corporation, with due regard to the safety of the structures comprising those headworks.

For the purpose of this Manual, the Corporation adopts the policy that the community is to be protected to the maximum extent possible against flood hazards recognising the limitations on being able to:

- identify all potential flood hazards and their likelihood,
- remove or reduce community vulnerability to flood hazards,
- effectively respond to flooding, and
- provide resources in a cost effective manner.

1.4 Legal Authority

This manual has b een p repared <u>as a Flood Mit igation Manu al</u> in a ccordance with the provisions of Part 6 Division 2 of the Act.

1.5 Application and Effect

The procedures in this Manual apply to the operation of Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam for the purpose of flood mitigation, and operation in accordance with the manual shall give the protection from liability provided by Section 500 of *Water Act 2000*,

1.6 Date of Effect

The procedures in this Manual shall have effect on and from the date on which the Manual is approved by gazette notice.

1.7 Observance of Manual

This Manual contains the operational procedures for Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam for the purposes of flood mitigation, and <u>must</u> be applied by the Headworks Operator for the poperation of the dams.

1.8 Provision for Variations to Manual

If the Corporation is of the op inion that the procedures in this Manual should be amended, altered or vari ed, it must submit for ap proval as soon as practical a request, which is in accordance with the fl ood m itigation provisi ons of the *Water Act* 2000, to the Chief Executive setting out the circumstances and the exact nature of the amendment, alteration or variation sought. The C hief Executive may require the Corporation amend the Manual by written notice.

1.9 Distribution of Manual

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page 4

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If any one of the Chief Executive, the Headworks Operator, or the South East Queensland Water Corporation (including its Technical Advisory Committee) is of the opinion that this Manual requires amendment, it shall make a submission to the South East Queensland Water Corporation setting forth those circumstances and the exact nature of the amendment, alteration or variation sought.¶

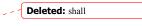
If the Corporation is of the opinion that the procedures in this Manual should be amended, altered or varied, it shall submit for approval as soon as practical a recommendation, which is in accordance with the dam safety provisions of the *Water Act 2000*, to the Minister setting out the circumstances and the exact nature of the amendment, alteration or variation sought.¶

The C orporation <u>must</u> regard the manual as a Con trolled Document and ensure that only controlled manuals are used in the direction of flood mitigation activities. Agencies having copies of Controlled Documents are listed in Appendix B. The Corporation must maintain a Register of Contact Persons for Controlled Documents and ensure that each issued document is updated whenever amendments or changes are approved.

Before using this Manual for the direction of flood control, the Headworks Operator must ensure that it is the current version of the Controlled Document.

1.10 **Authority to Use Discretion**

Where it is reasonable to expect that the safety of either dam will not be reduced, temporary deviations from the procedures detailed in this manual may be made in ac cordance with Section 2.8.



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Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

2 DIRECTION OF OPERATIONS

2.1 **Statutory Operation**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Corporation is responsible for and has the duty for operation and maintenance of Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam, and while it may enter into contracts for the purpose of discharging these responsibilities, for the purposes of this manual the Headworks Operator is the Corporation.

2.1.1 Designation of Senior Flood Operations Engineer

The Headworks Operator must ensure that the procedures set out in this Manual are carried out under the general direction of a suitably qualified and experienced person who shall be referred to hereafter as the Senior Flood Operations Engineer. Only a person authorised in the Schedule of Authorities can give the general direction for carrying out procedures set out in this Manual.

2.1.2 Designation of Flood Operations Engineer

The Headworks Operator must have available or on standby at all times a suitably qualified and experienced Flood Operations Engineer to direct the operation of the dams during floods in accordance with the general strategy determined by the Senior Flood Operations Engineer.

The Headworks Operator must ensure that flood control of the dams is under the direction of a Flo od O perations Engineer at all times. On ly a person authorised in the Schedule of Authorities can direct the flood operation of the dams.

The Headworks Operator **must** also employ an adequate number of suitably qualified and experienced per sons to assist the Flood Operations Engineer in the operation of the dams during floods.

2.2 **Qualifications and Experience of Engineers**

2.2.1 **Oualifications**

All engineers referred to in Section 2.1 must meet all applicable requirements of registration Deleted: shall or ce rtification u nder an y rel evant State Act, and <u>must</u> ho ld app ropriate engineering qualifications to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive.

2.2.2 Experience

All engineers referred to in Section 2.1 <u>must</u>, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive, have: Deleted: shall

Deleted: and may enter into contracts for the purpose of discharging these responsibilities.

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All instruments of delegation and contract made in accordance with the Act shall be recorded in the Schedule of Authorities attached to the Manual as Appendix C. Changes to instruments of delegation and contract shall be made in accordance with the Act and incorporated in the Schedule as amendments to the Schedule.¶

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Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

- (1) Knowledge of design principles related to the structural, geotechnical and hydraulic design of large dams, and
- (2) At least a total of five years of suitable experience and demonstrated expertise in at least two of the following areas:
 - (a) Investigation, design or construction of major dams;
 - (b) Operation and maintenance of major dams;
 - (c) Hydrology with particular reference to flooding, estimation of extreme storms, water management or meteorology;
 - (d) Applied hyd rology with particular r eference t o f lood f orecasting a nd f lood warning systems.

2.3 Schedule of Authorities

For the purpose of directing operation of the dams during floods, a list of suitably qualified and experienced Senior Flood Operations Engineers and Flood Operations Engineers <u>must</u> be maintained in the Schedule of Authorities (Appendix C).

The Headworks Operator shal l, as the need arises, nom inate suitably qu alified an d experienced engineers for regi stration in the Schedule of Authorities as Sen ior Flood Operations Engineers and Flood Operations Engineers. Each new nomination <u>must</u> include a copy of any certificate required under Section 2.2 and a validated statement of qualifications and experience.

The H eadworks Op erator must obtain the approval for a ll no minations f rom the Chief Executive prior to their inclusion in the Schedule of Authorities.

If, in the event of unforseen and emergency situations, no Senior Flood Operations Engineer or n o Flood O perations Engineer is available fr om the Sc hedule of Authorities, the Headworks Operator <u>must</u> temporarily appoint a suitable person or persons and immediately seek ratification from the Chief Executive.

2.4 Training

The Headworks Operator <u>must</u> ensure that operational personnel required for flood control operations re ceive adequate training in the various activities involved in flood control operation.

2.5 Dam Operation Arrangements

For the purposes of operation of the dams during times of flood, the Headworks Operator <u>must</u> ensure that:

(a) the o peration be c arried o ut under the general d irection of the Senior Flood Operations Engineer, and

Doc: FM QD 1.1Revision No: 4Date: 6/09/02Page 7

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(b) in the direction of o perations which may knowingly endanger life or property, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer <u>must</u> where practical liaise with the Chairperson of the Corporation and the Chief Executive or nominated delegate.

2.6 Responsibilities of the Senior Flood Operations Engineer

The Se nior Flood Operations Engineer is responsible for the overall direction of flood operations.

Except ins ofar as reasonable discretion is provided for in Section 2.8 of this Manual, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer <u>must</u> ensure that the operational procedures for the dam shall be in accordance with this Manual.

2.7 Responsibilities of the Flood Operations Engineer

The Flood O perations Engineer <u>must</u> apply the operational procedures in a ccordance with this manual and the direction set for flood operations. In so doing, account <u>must</u> be taken of prevailing weather conditions, the probability of follow up storms and the ability of the dam to discharge excess flood waters in the period between rainfall events or in the period from the time of detection of conditions associated with the development storm cells to the likely time of occurrence of the rainfall.

2.8 Reasonable Discretion

If in the opinion of the Senior Flood Operations Engineer, based on available information and professional experience, it is necessary to depart from the procedures set out in this manual, the Sen ior Flood O perations Engineer is a uthorised to adopt s uch ot her procedures a s considered n ecessary to meet the situation, provided t hat the Se nior Flood Operations Engineer observes the flood mitigation objectives set out in Section 3 of this Manual when exercising such reasonable discretion.

Before exercising discretion under this Section of the Manual with respect to flood mitigation operations, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer <u>must</u> consult with such of the following persons as are available at the time that the discretion has to be exercised:

the Chairperson of the Corporation, and

the Chief Executive or nominated delegate.

If not able to contact any of the above within a reasonable time, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer <u>may</u> proceed with s uch other procedures considered a s necessary t o meet the situation and report such action at the earliest opportunity to the above persons.

Revision No: 4

Page 8

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2.9 Report

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| The Senior Flood Operations Engineer <u>must</u> prepare a report to the Headworks Operator after | Deleted: shall |
|---|--------------------|
| each event that requires flood operation of the dams and the report <u>must</u> contain details of the | Deleted: shall |
| procedures us ed, the r easons the refore a nd other pertinent in formation. The H eadworks | |
| Operator <u>must</u> forward the report to the <u>Chief Executive</u> together with any comments within | Deleted: shall |
| six weeks of the completion of the event referred to. | Deleted: Corporati |

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

3 FLOOD MITIGATION OBJECTIVES

3.1 General

To meet the purpose of the flood operation al procedures in this Manu al, the following objectives, listed in descending order of importance, are as follows:

- (a) Ensure the structural safety of the dams;
- (b) Provide optimum protection of urbanised areas from inundation;
- (c) Minimise disruption to rural life in the valleys of the Brisbane and Stanley Rivers and their major tributaries;
- (d) Minimise disruption and impact upon Wivenhoe Power Station;
- (e) Minimise disruption to navigation in the Brisbane River.

3.2 Structural Safety of Dams

The structural safety of the dams must be the first consideration in the operation of the dams for the purpose of flood mitigation.

3.2.1 Wivenhoe

The structural safety of Wivenhoe Dam is of paramount importance. Structural failure of Wivenhoe Dam would have catastrophic consequences.

Wivenhoe Dam is predominantly a central core rockfill dam. Such dams are not resistant to overtopping and are susceptible to b reaching should such an event occur. Overtopping is considered the major threat to the security of Wivenhoe Dam.

3.2.2 Somerset Dam

The structural safety of Somerset Dam also is of paramount importance. Failure of Somerset Dam could have catastrophic consequences.

Whilst Wivenhoe Dam has the capacity to mitigate the flood effects of such a failure in the absence of any other flooding, if the failure were to occur during major flooding, Wivenhoe Dam could be overtopped and destroyed also.

Somerset D am is a mass concrete d am. Such dam s can withstand limited overtopping without damage. Failure of such stru ctures is ra re but when they do occur, they occur suddenly without warning, creating very severe and destructive flood waves.

3.3 Extreme Floods and Closely Spaced Large Floods

Techniques for estimating extreme floods indicate that floods are possible which would overtop both dams. In the case of Wivenhoe Dam such an overtopping would most likely

 Doc: FM QD 1.1
 Revision No: 4
 Date: 6/09/02
 Page 10

result in the destruct ion of the dam i tself. Such even ts however r equire several days of intense rainfall to produce the necessary runoff. Pre release or accelerated release of storage at damaging flood levels could reduce, but not eliminate the risk of overtopping. Su ch a measure should be t aken only after careful consideration of the reliability of precipi tation forecasts and of perceived antecedent conditions.

Historical records show that there is a significant probability of two or more flood producing storms occurring in the Brisbane River system within a short time of each other.

In order to be prepared to meet such a s ituation, the st ored flood-waters from one s torm should be discharged from the dams after a flood as quickly as would be consistent with the other major op erating principles. Typically the Flo od Operations Engineer should aim to empty st ored flood-waters within s even days a fter the flood peak has passed through the lower reaches of the Brisbane River. In a very large flood, this time frame may not be achievable because of downstream flood conditions and it m ay be necessary to extend the emptying period by several days.

The discharges should be r egulated so as to have little impact on the urban reaches of the Brisbane River taking into account inflows into the river downstream of the dams. However they may result in submergence of some low level bridges. The level of flooding as a result of emptying stored flood-waters after the peak has passed is to be less than the flood peak unless accelerated release is necessary to reduce the risk of overtopping.

3.4 Inundation of Urban Areas

The prime pur pose of incorporating flood mitigation m easures i nto Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam is to reduce flooding in the urban areas on the flood plains below Wivenhoe Dam. The peak flows of floods emanating from the upper catchments of Brisbane and Stanley Rivers can be reduced by using the flood-gates to control releases from the dams, taking into account flooding derived from the lower Brisbane River catchments.

3.5 Disruption to Rural Areas

While the dams are being used for flood mitigation purposes, some low level bridges and areas upstream of the dams may be temporarily inundated. Downstream of the dam, bridges and lower river terraces will be submerged. The operation of the dams should not prolong this inundation unnecessarily.

3.6 Provision of Pumping Pool for Power Station

The power station is not affected by the reservoir level in Wivenhoe Dam during floods other than the impacts high tail water levels have on the efficiency of the power station. The power station does however require a p umping pool for operation. The loss of s torage b y dam failure would render the power station inoperative.

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

3.7 Disruption to Navigation

The disruption to navigation in the Brisbane River has been given the lower priority. The effect of flood flows upon navigation in the river varies widely.

Large ships can be manoeuvred in the river at considerable flood flows. On the other hand, barges and dredges are affected by low flows which lower salinity thus decreasing the density of the water which in turn causes craft to sit lower in the water, sometimes bottoming. The Moggill Ferry is also affected by low flood flows.

A short emptying period for the flood storage compartment of the dams is consistent with Objectives (c) and (e) of Section 3.1, which are closely related.

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

4 FLOOD CLASSIFICATION

For the reference purposes of this Manual, five magnitudes of flooding are classified as follows:

Fresh

This causes only very low-level bridges to be submerged.

Minor Flooding

This causes inconvenience such as closing minor roads and the submergence of low-level bridges. Some urban properties are affected.

Moderate Flooding

This causes inundation of low-lying areas and may require the evacuation of some houses and/or business premises. Traffic bridges may be closed.

Major Flooding

This causes flooding of a ppreciable ur ban Ares. P roperties may be come is olated. Majo r disruption oc curs to tr affic. E vacuation of m any ho uses and b usiness premises may be required.

Extreme Flooding

This causes flooding well in excess of floods in living memory and general evacuation of whole areas are likely to be required.

Usually a flood does not cause the same category of flooding along its entire length and the relevant agencies shall have regard to this when flooding is predicted.

(The classifications of m inor, moderate and m ajor flooding a re bas ed o n the Burea u o f Meteorology Standard Flood Classifications for Australia)

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

5 FLOOD MONITORING AND WARNING SYSTEM

5.1 General

A real time flood monitoring and warning system is established in the Brisbane Valley. This system is based upon an event reporting protocol. A radio telemetry system (ALERT) is used to collect, transmit and receive rainfall and streamflow information. The system consists of more than 50 field stations that automatically record rainfall and/or river heights at selected locations in the Stanley and Brisbane River catchments. Some of the field stations are owned by the Corporation with the remainder belonging to other agencies.

The rainfall and river height data is transmitted by radio telemetry, via repeater stations, to base stations at the head office of the Headworks Operator (and the Corporation). There the data is processed in r eal time by c omputer programs to assess what is occu rring in the catchments in terms of flood flows and what could occur if weather conditions continued, or changed.

Other agencies with their own base stations can, and do, receive data transmissions direct, and so collect and are able to process rainfall and streamflow information appropriate to their needs.

The real time flood model (RTFM) is a suite of hydrologic and hydraulic computer programs that utilise the real time ALERT data to assi st in the operation of the dams during flood events.

5.2 Operation

The Headworks Operator is responsible for operating the computer model provided by the Corporation for flood monitoring and forecasting during flood events to optimise flood gate operations and minimise the impacts of flooding.

It is the responsibility of the Corporation to maintain and keep calibrated its own equipment; and to enter into such arrangements with other agencies or to provide such further equipment as the C orporation deems necessary for the H eadworks Ope rator to properly ope rate the computer model for flood monitoring and forecasting.

A system such as this is expected to improve over time due to:

- improved operation and reliability with experience,
- improved calibration as further data becomes available,
- software upgrades, and
- the number, type and locations of sensors being varied.

A regular process of internal audit and management review <u>must</u> be maintained to achieve _____ **Deleted:** shall this.

A log of the performance of all field equipment necessary to properly operate the computer model <u>must</u> be kept by the Corporation. T he log is to a lso include a ll r evised field

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page 14

calibrations and changes to the number, type and locations of gauges. Entries onto the log are to be notified to the Headworks Operator without delay in writing.

A log of the performance of the system (ALERT and RTFM) <u>must</u> be kept by the Senio r Flood Operations Engineer. Any faults to the computer hardware or software, and any faults to field equipment which the Corporation has not advised the Headworks Operator of, are to be notified to the Corporation without delay in writing. The Corporation must promptly attend to the matters under its control and refer other matters to the appropriate agencies.

Whenever the Senior Flood Operations Engineer considers that the performance and functionality of the system can be improved, by whatever means, a recommendation <u>must</u> be made to the Headworks Operator a ccordingly. The Headworks Operator must promptly consider, act on, or r efer such r ecommendations to the Corporation as it considers appropriate.

5.3 **Storage of Documentation**

The performance of any flood monitoring and warning system is reliant on accurate historical data over a long period of time. The Senior Flood Operations Engineer must ensure that all available data and other documentation is appropriately collected and catalogued as approved by the Corporation, for future use.

5.4 **Key Reference Gauges**

Key f ield s tation lo cations h ave been identified for reference purposes wh en flood information is exchanged between authorities or given to the public. Should it be deemed desirable to relocate field stations from these locations, or vary flood classification levels, agreement <u>must</u> first be obtained between the Corporation, Headworks Operator, Bureau of Meteorology and the Local Governments within whose boundaries the locations are situated. The locations and gauge readings at which the various classifications of flooding occur are contained in Appendix D.

Gauge boards that can be read manually <u>must</u> be maintained as part of the equipment of each key field station. The Corporation must have procedures to ensure such gauge boards are read in the event of failure of field stations to operate.

5.5 **Reference Gauge Values**

Other agencies such as the Bureau of Meteorology, Ipswich City Council and the Brisbane City Council have direct access to the information from field stations for flood assessment purposes. The consultation between agencies is a very important part of the assessment and prediction of flood flows and heights.

The Corporation **must** ensure that information relative to the calibration of the Corporation's field stations is shared with such agencies.

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page 15

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6 COMMUNICATIONS

6.1 Communications between Staff

The Corporation is responsible for providing and maintaining equipment to allow adequate channels of communication to exist at all times between the Flood Operations Engineer and site staff at Wivenhoe and Somerset Dams.

The Headworks Operator is responsible for ensuring that adequate communication exists at all times between the Flood Operations Engineer and site staff at Wivenhoe and Somerset Dams. Where equ ipment d efficiencies a red etected du ring normal operations, su ch deficiencies are to be reported within one we ek to the Corporation for timely corrective action.

6.2 Dissemination of Information

Adequate and timely information is to be supplied to agencies responsible for the operation of facilities affected by flooding and for providing warnings and information to the public. These agencies shall include agencies holding Controlled Documents (Appendix B), and the persons listed in the Schedule of Authorities (Appendix C). For this purpose, the Corporation must maintain a Register of Contact Persons for Information, their means of contact and the type of information to be supplied to each. The Corporation must ensure that each agency receives a c opy of the up dated Re gister of Contact Persons for Information whenever amendments are made, but at least every 6 months.

The Flood Operations Engineer <u>must</u> supply information (refer 6.3) to each of these contact persons during dam releases.

All enquiries of her than provided for in the Register of C ontact Persons for Information, either to the H eadworks Operator, the Se nior Fl ood Operations Engineer, the Flood d Operations Engineer or dam site staff <u>must</u> be referred to the Corporation. The Corporation <u>must</u> provide a mechanism to receive these enquiries from the time it is advised that releases from the dams are likely until flood release operations are completed.

Some agencies have responsibilities for formal flood predictions, the interpretation of flood information and advice to the public. The Corporation, Headworks Operator, Senior Flood Operations Engineer and Flo od O perations Engineer <u>must</u> liaise and consult with those agencies with a view to ensuring all information relative to the flood event is consistent, and used and disseminated in accordance with agreed responsibilities.

6.3 Nature of Information

When, in the opinion of the Flood Operations Engineer, a flood situation is imminent and gate operations are likely, and is of a magnitude that it is likely to cause flows to exceed 2,000 m³/sec at Lo wood, the Flood Operations Engineer <u>must</u> advise those listed in the Register of Contact Persons for Information of :

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page 16

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- (a) the current and proposed releases from the dams, and
- (b) the estimated flow rates and water heights at the key reference gauges listed in Appendix D.

This information is to be updat ed at intervals as better and more accurate i nformation becomes available.

6.4 Release of Information to the Public

The Corporation is responsible for the issue of information regarding storage conditions and current and proposed releases from the dams to the public and the media.

The Bureau of Meteorology has responsibility for issuing flood warnings.

The Emergency Serv ices Res ponse Au thorities, under t he Stat e Co unter Disaster Organisation Act 1975, have responsibility for the preparation of a local counter disaster plan hence the int erpretation of flood forecast information f or i nclusion i n t heir l ocal flood warnings prepared under the flood sub plan of the counter disaster plan.

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

7 **REVIEW**

7.1 Introduction

This review of the Manual has addressed the mechanisms of delegation and control of the dams in periods of operation of the dams for flood mitigation. It is known overtopping of the dams can result should floods occur which are derived from lesser rainfall than the probable maximum pr ecipitation s torm or from the c ombination of two lesser storms in close proximity. The dams may also overtop in the eventuality that the flood-gate control systems fail to operate or partially malfunction during the passage of a major flood or combination of floods.

Procedures and systems have been developed since the last revision that should enable lower risk operation of the dams for flood mitigation purposes. This techno logy is intended to provide longer warning times and the capability of examining options to optimise the safety of the dams and minimise the hazard potential and risk to the community.

With the passa ge of time neither the technical assumptions nor the physical conditions on which this Manual is based may remain unchanged. It is also recognised that the relevance of the Manual may change with changing circumstances.

It is important, therefore, that the Manual contain operational procedures which in themselves cause the Manual's procedures, and the as sumptions and conditions upon which they are based, to be checked and reviewed regularly.

The checking and reviewing process must involve the Headworks Operator and all associated operations pe rsonnel i n order that c hanges o f personnel d o not result in a diminished understanding of the basic principles upon which the operational procedures are based.

Variations to the Manual may be made in accordance with provisions in Section 1.8.

7.2 Personnel Training

The Headworks Operator <u>must</u> report to the Corporation by 30th September each year on the training and state of preparedness of operations personnel. A co py of this report must be forwarded to the Chief Executive of the Department of Natural Resources and Mines.

7.3 Monitoring and Warning System and Communication Networks

The Headworks Operator <u>must</u> provide a report to the Corporation by the 1st May and 1st November of each year; and after each flood event. The report <u>must</u> as sess in terms of hardware, software and personnel, the :

- adequacy of the communication and data gathering facilities,
- reliability of the system over the previous period,
- reliability of the system under prolonged flood conditions,
- accuracy of forecasting flood flows and heights, and

Doc: FM QD 1.1 Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page 18

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• the overall state of preparedness of the system.

The Corporation must rev iew the report, and taking into account its o wn log of the performance of the fi eld equipment, take any action considered nec essary for the proper functioning and improvement of the system. A copy of this report must be forwarded to the Chief Executive of the Department of Natural Resources and Mines.

7.4 **Operational Review**

After each significant flood event, the Cor poration <u>must</u> r eview the effectiveness of the operational procedures contained in this manual. The Headworks Operator is required to prepare a report for submission to the Corporation within six weeks of any flood event that requires mobilisation of the Flood Control Centre.

7.5 Five Yearly Review

The Corporation, at intervals of no greater than five years <u>must</u> review the Manual pursuant to Section 6 Di vision 2 of the A ct. The review is to take into ac count the c ontinued suitability of the communication network, and the flood monitoring and warning system as well as hy drological and hy draulic engineering assessments of the operational procedures. The hydrologic in vestigations performed for the purpose of this manual are discussed in Appendix I. Deleted: The Headworks Operator by the 1st November of each year, after every event that results in flood operation of the dams and at other times as appropriate, shall review the adequacy of the communication and data gathering facilities and make recommendations to the Corporation regarding improving reliability.¶

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Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

8 WIVENHOE DAM

8.1 Introduction

Wivenhoe Dam is capable of being operated in a number of ways to reduce flooding in the Brisbane River downstream of the dam, depending on the part of the catchment in which the flood originates and depending also on the magnitude of the flood.

A general plan and cross-section of Wivenhoe Dam, and relevant elevations are included in Appendix J.

Storage and discharge data are included in Appendix E.

The reservoir volume above FSL of EL 67.0 is available as temporary flood storage. How much of the av ailable flood st orage com partment is utilised, will de pend on the init ial reservoir level be low FSL, the magnitude of the flood being regulated and the procedures adopted.

Spiltyard Creek D am is part of the overall Wivenhoe Area Project and it fo rms the upper pumped storage of the peak power generation scheme. Sp lityard Creek Dam i mpounds a volume of 28 700 ML at its normal full supply level (El 166.5). The contents of Splityard Creek Dam can be emptied into Lake Wivenhoe within 12 hours by releasing water through the power station conduits. This volume of water can affect the level in Wivenhoe Dam by up to 300mm when Wivenhoe Dam is close to FSL. The operational level of Splityard Creek Dam should be considered when assessing the various trigger levels of Wivenhoe Dam.

The Corporation has acquired land above FSL to a level of EL 75.0 to provide temporary flood storage. Reasonable care <u>must</u> be exercised to confine the flood rises to below this level. This requirement should be ignore d in the case of extreme floods that threaten the safety of the dams.

8.2 Initial Action

When indications are received of an imminent flood, the flood control operation of the dam <u>must</u> commence with the storing of all inflow of the Brisbane River in Wivenhoe Dam, whilst_ an assessment is made of the origin and magnitude of the flood. The spillway gates are not to be opened for flood control purposes prior to the reservoir level exceeding EL 67.25.

8.3 Regulator and Gate Operation Procedures

Rapid opening of outlets (spillway gates and regulators) can cause hydraulic surges and other effects in the Brisbane River that can endanger life and property and may sometimes have other adverse effects. Under normal gate operations, the gates and regulators are therefore to be operated one at a time at intervals that will minimise adverse impacts on the river system.

Rapid closure of the gates can affect river-bank stability. R apid closure of more than one gate at a time should only be used when time is critical and there is a requirement to correct a malfunction to preserve st orage or t o reduce d ownstream f looding ra pidly. For flood

 Doc: FM QD 1.1
 Revision No: 4
 Date: 6/09/02
 Page 20

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operations where time is not critical, longer closure intervals should be used. The minimum closure intervals specified below are based on experience from the 1974 flood.

During the initial opening or final closure sequences of ga te operations it is permissible to replace the discharge through a gate by the immediate opening of a regulator valve (or the reverse operation). T his allows for greater c ontrol of low flows and e nables a sm ooth transition and closure as slow as possible to prevent the stranding of fish downstream of Wivenhoe Dam.

Except as provided for in procedure 4 of Section 8.4 and as indicated above, the gate opening and c losing intervals as tabled below are t he most rapid permitted for flood m itigation purposes.

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| Table 8.1 WIVENHOE DAM | | | | | |
|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| MINIMUM INTERVALS for Norr | nal Operation | | | | |
| 500 mm Incremental gate openings 10 minutes | | | | | |
| 500 mm Incremental gate closures | 20 minutes | | | | |
| Full regulator opening or closures | 30 minutes | | | | |

Gates are numbered 1 to 5 from the left bank looking downstream.

Under nor mal operation, on ly one gate is to be opened at any one time and the following procedures are to be adopted:

| Approximate Discharge Range | Gate opening sequence | Comments | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| (a) U p to $330 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$ | 1. Open Gate 3 up to 3.5 metres | • Gates 1, 2, 4 & 5 remain closed | | | |
| (b) 33 0 m ³ /sec to 575 m ³ /sec | Gate 3 at 3.5 metres Open Gates 2 & 4 alternately to 0.5 metre Open Gate 3 to 4.0 metre Open Gates 2 & 4 alternately to 1.0 metre | • Gates 1 & 5 remain closed unless discharge from Gates 2 & 4 impinges on side wall of plunge pool proceed to (c) | | | |
| (c) 57 5 m ³ /sec to 1160 m ³ /sec | 6. Gate 3 kept at 4.0 metres 7. Open Gates 1 & 5 alternately one increment followed by Gates 2 & 4 alternately one increment 8. Repeat Step 7 until at the end of the sequence Gates 1 & 5 are open 1.5 metres and Gates 2 & 4 are open 2.5 metres | Flow in spillway to be as symmetrical as possible Gates 2 & 4 are to have openings not more than 1.0 metre more than Gates 1 & 5 | | | |

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

| (d) 1 160 m ³ /sec to 1385 m ³ /sec | 9. Open Gate 3 to 4.0 metres 10. Open Gates 1 & 5 alternately to 2.0 metres followed by opening Gates 2 & 4 alternately to 3.0 metres | Flow in spillway to be as symmetrical as possible Gates 2 & 4 are to have openings not more than 1.0 metre more than Gates 1 & 5 |
|--|--|--|
| (e) 1 385 m ³ /sec to 2290 m ³ /sec | 11. Open ALL gates to 5.0 metre openings | Flow in spillway to be as symmetrical as possible Gates 2 & 4 are to have openings not less than Gates 1 & 5 or not more than 1.0 metre more than Gates 1 & 5 Gate 3 is to have an opening not less than Gates 2 & 4 or not more than 1.0 metre more than 2 & 4. |
| (f) Grea ter than 2290 m ³ /sec | 12. Open ALL gates to incrementally in the sequence 3, 2, 4, 1, 5 | Flow in spillway to be as symmetrical as possible Gate 3 to have the largest opening Gates 2 & 4 are to have openings greater than Gates 1 & 5 |

Gate operating procedures in the event of equipment failure are contained in Appendix G. If one or more gates are inoperable during the course of the flood event, the gate openings of the remaining gates are to be adjusted to compensate. These adjustments should ensure that:

- The flow in the spillway is as symmetrical as practicable.
- The impact of the flow on the sidewalls of the plunge pool should be minimised.

In general, gate closing is to occur in the reverse order. The final gate closure should occur when the lake level has returned to Full Supply Level.

8.4 Flood Control Procedures

When the preliminary estimation of the degree of e xpected flooding has been made, the operating procedures set out hereunder shall be used at Wivenhoe Dam.

As the magnitude of the expected flood increases, the procedures to be adopted commence with Procedure 1 and extend to Procedure 4 as set out in the following table in response to current and predicted inflows both into the dams, and into the Brisbane River from tributaries downstream of the dam s. T his tabl e provides i ndicative l imits of application for each procedure for the initial filling of Wivenhoe Dam. Once Wivenhoe Dam has peaked and the drainage phase has commenced the indicative limits will not apply.

Provision is made for the releases to be regulated so as to lessen the impact when peak flows from Lockyer Creek, Bremer River and other tributaries enter the Brisbane River. This may result in the releases being decreased for a time even though lake levels are rising.

Provision is als o made for the releases from Wivenhoe Dam to be regulated in the early procedures so as not to unduly submerge bridges. The relevant bridges and their estimated submergence flows are included in Appendix D.

 Doc: FM QD 1.1
 Revision No: 4
 Date: 6/09/02
 Page 22

| | | | | Q _{Mogglil} < 4000 m ³ /sec | | | | Gates are <u>NOT</u> to be overtopped | |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| | | Q _{Colleges Crossing} < 175 m ³ /sec with care taken not to submerge Twin Bridges prematurely | Q _{Burtons/Noogporah} < 430 m ³ /sec with care taken not to submerge Colleges Crossing brematurely | Q _{kholo} < 550 m ³ /sec with care taken not to submerge Burtons/Noogoorah prematurely | Q _{MtCrosby} < 1900m ³ /sec with care taken not to submerge Kholo prematurely | Q _{MtCrosby} < 1900m ³ /sec with care taken not to submerge Kholo prematurely | Q _{Lowood} < peak of Lockyer <u>and</u> Q _{Lowood} < peak of Bremer | $Q_{Moggill} < 4000 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$ | Gate opening interval restrictions NO LONGER apply |
| Applicable Limits | Q _{Wivenhoe} = 0 m ³ /sec i.e No Releases | Q _{Wivenhoe} < 110 m ³ /sec | Q _{Wivenhoe} < 380 m ³ /sec | Q _{Wivenhoe} < 500 m ³ /sec | Q _{Wivenhoe} < 900 m ³ /sec | Q _{Wivenhoe} < 1500 m ³ /sec | Q _{Lowood} < 3500 m ³ /sec | Q _{Lowood} < 3500 m ³ /sec | Gates are to be opened until reservoir level begins to fall |
| Current Reservoir Level | EL ≤ 67.25 | 67.25 < EL ≤ 67.50 | 67.50 < EL ≤ 67.75 | 67.75 < EL ≤ 68.00 | 68.00 < EL ≤ 68.25 | 68.25 < EL ≤ 68.50 | 68.50 < EL < 74.00 | 68.50 < EL < 74.00 | EL ≥ 74.00 or dam safety may be compromised |
| Procedure | 0 | 1A | 1B | 10 | 1D | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

Wivenhoe Dam - Normal Gate Operating Procedures: Initial Filling Phase

The gate opening sequences specified are to be overridden when the gates will be overtopped during normal operation.

Doc: FM QD 1.1

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Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page 23

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In procedure 2, if there is little or no flow in Lockyer Creek, the release from Wivenhoe Dam should be limited to between 1900 m³/sec and 2000 m³/sec with care taken not to submerge Mt Crosby Weir Bridge or Fernvale Bridge prematurely. If the flood storage compartments of Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam cannot be emptied within the prescribed time of seven days, the release from Wivenhoe Dam should be limited to between 1900 m³/sec and 3500 m³/sec. In such circumstances, the release from the dam should be less than the peak inflow into the lake.

8.5 Closing Procedures

If at the time the lake level in Wivenhoe Dam begins to fall, the combined flow at Lowood is in excess of 3500 m^3 /sec, then the combined flow at Lowood is to be reduced to 3500 m^3 /sec as quickly as practicable having regard to Section 3.3, and is to remain at this rate until final gate closure procedures can commence.

Gate closing procedures should be initiated having regard to the following requirements:

- (a) Early release of st ored water to regain flood-mitigating ability for any subsequent flood inflows as described in Section 3.3.
- (b) Gate operation procedures as described in Section 8.3.
- (c) Downstream impact of the discharges. To pre vent the stranding of f ish downstream of the dam, closures below flows of 275 m³/sec should be undertaken as slow as practicable and if possible such closures should occ ur during daylight hours on a weekday so that personnel are available for fish rescue.
- (d) Establishment of storage at FSL at completion of flood events.

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

9 SOMERSET DAM

9.1 Introduction

Somerset Dam is capable of being operated in a number of ways to regulate Stanley River floods and optimise the flood mitigation capacity of Wivenhoe Dam.

A general plan and cross-section of Somerset Dam, and r elevant dam operating levels are included in Appendix J.

The discharge capacities for various storage levels of Somerset Dam are listed in Appendix F.

9.2 Initial Action

Upon indications being received of a significant inflow, the flood control operation of the dam shall commence with the raising of any closed gates and the closure of all low level regulators and sluices, whilst an assessment is made of the origin and magnitude of the flood.

9.3 Regulator and Gate Operation Procedures

Table 9.1

| SOMERSET DAM MINIMUM INTERNALS FOR NORMAL OPERATIONS | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | OPENING | CLOSING | | |
| Regulators | 30 minutes | 60 minutes | | |
| Sluice Gates | 120 minutes | 180 minutes | | |
| Crest Gates | Gates are normally open | | | |

During the initial opening or final closure sequences of gate operations it is permissible to replace the discharge through a sluice gate by the immediate opening of one or more regulator valves (or the reverse operation). This allows for greater control of low flows and enables a smooth transition on opening and closing sequences.

9.4 Flood Control Procedure

It is essential that the operating p rocedures ado pted should not endanger the sa fety of Wivenhoe Dam. Within this constraint, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer <u>must</u> adopt a procedure for the operation of Somerset Dam such that:

(a) the structural safety of Somerset Dam is not endangered;

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page 25

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(b) the Upper Brisbane River fl ood f low plus Somerset Da m releases does not cause Wivenhoe Dam to be overtopped.

The normal operating procedure to be used for Somerset Dam is as follows.

The crest gates a re raised to enable uncontrolled discharge. The l ow level regulators and sluices are to be kept closed until either:

- (i) the lake level in Wivenhoe Dam begins to drop or
- (ii) the level in Somerset Dam exceeds EL 102.25.

In the case of (i) above the opening of the regulators and sluices is not to increase the inflow to Wivenhoe Dam above the peak inflow from the Brisbane River just passed or, if possible, not to cause the Wivenhoe Dam lake level to exceed EL 74.

In the case of (ii) above, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer <u>must</u> direct the operation of the low-level regulators and sluices to ensure the safety of Somerset Dam. It should also be recognised that the D' Aguilar H ighway at Mar y Sm okes Creek b ecomes inun dated when Lake Somerset exceeds EL 102.2.

If the flood event emanates from the Stanley River catchment only, without significant runoff in the Upper Brisbane River catchment, the operation of Somerset Dam will proceed on the basis that Wivenhoe Dam has peaked as per (i) above.

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Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

10 EMERGENCY

10.1 Introduction

While every care has been exercised in the design and construction of the dams, there still remains a low risk that the dams may develop an emergency condition either through flood events or other causes. Experience elsewhere in the world suggests that vigilance is required to recognise emergency flood conditions such as:

- Occurrence of a much larger flood than the discharge capacity of the dam;
- Occurrence of a series of large storms in a short period;
- Failure of one or more gates during a flood.
- Development of a piping failure through the embankment of Wivenhoe Dam;
- Damage to the dams by earthquake;
- Damage to the dams as an act of war or terrorism;
- Other uncommon mechanisms.

Responses to these and other conditions are included in separate Emergency Action Plans.

10.2 Overtopping of Dams

Whatever the circu mstances, every endeavour must be m ade to p revent ov ertopping of Wivenhoe Dam by the progressive opening of operative spillway gates.

In the event that the probability of overtopping of Wivenhoe Dam is unacceptably high, then as an ab solute last r esort the saddl e d ams may be br eached. Su ch act ions <u>must</u> only be initiated with the approval of the Chief Executive.

Somerset Dam should, if possible, not be overtopped by flood water but, if Wivenhoe Dam is threatened by overtopping, the release of wa ter from Somerset Dam is to be re duced, for example by the use of its spi llway gates, even at the risk of ov ertopping Somerset Dam in order to prevent, if possible, the overtopping of Wivenhoe Dam.

10.3 Communications Failure

In the event of normal communications being lost between the F lood Operations Engineer and either Wivenhoe Dam or S omerset Dam, the dam supervisor at that dam is to maintain contact with the dam supervisor at the o ther d am, to receive instructions through the remaining communications link.

In the event of normal communications being lost between the F lood Operations Engineer and both Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam, the dam supervisors at each dam are to adopt the procedures set out below during flood events, and are to maintain contact with each other, where possible.

If all communications are lost between the Engineer, Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam, the officers in charge at each dam are to adopt the procedures set out below.

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

Page 27

10.4 Wivenhoe Dam Emergency Procedure

In the event of total communication failure, the minimum gate openings related to lake level set out in the table below are to be maintained for both opening and closing operations.

| Lake Level m AHD | Gate 3 Opening (m) | Gates 2 & 4 Opening (m) | Gates 1 & 5 Opening (m) | Discharge m ³ /sec |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| 67.0 | | - | - | 0 |
| 67.5 | 0.5 | - | - | 50 |
| 68.0 | 1.5 | - | - | 155 |
| 68.5 | 2.5 | - | - | 260 |
| 69.0 | 3.5 | 0.5 | - | 470 |
| 69.5 | 4.0 | 1.0 | - | 640 |
| 70.0 | 4.0 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 875 |
| 70.5 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1115 |
| 71.0 | 4.0 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1365 |
| 71.5 | 4.5 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1560 |
| 72.0 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 1820 |
| 72.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 2250 |
| 73.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 2960 |
| 73.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 3850 |
| 74.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 4750 |
| 74.5 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 6030 |
| 75.0 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 7830 |
| 75.5 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 9150 |
| 76.0 | Fully Open | Fully Open | Fully Open | 10790 |
| 76.5 | Fully Open | Fully Open | Fully Open | 11250 |
| 77.0 | Fully Open | Fully Open | Fully Open | 11720 |

Table 10.4 Minimum Gate Openings Wivenhoe Dam

If one or more gates become inoperable, then by reference to Table E-2 the gate openings of operable gates are to be increased in order that the discharges for the lake levels shown in Table 10.4 are achieved.

If, because of compliance with the provisions of Section 8.3 and the h igh inflow rate, the minimum gate openings cannot be maintained, the t ime i ntervals between s uccessive openings shown in Table 8.1 are to be halved.

If the actual gate openings fall more than three settings below the cum ulative number of minimum settings of Table 10.4, then successive gate operations are to be carried out as rapidly as possible until the minimum settings are achieved. Under these circumstances, it may be necessary to operate more than one gate at any one time.

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

10.5 Somerset Dam Emergency Procedure

In the event of total communication failure, the spillway gates are to be kept raised to allow uncontrolled discharge. The regulators and sluices are to be kept closed until either:

- (i) the level in Wivenhoe Dam begins to drop or
- (ii) the level in Somerset Dam exceeds EL 102.25.

The level in Wivenhoe Dam can be determined locally by the Dam Supervisor at So merset Dam from the tailwater gauge located just downstream of Somerset Dam.

In the case of (i) above, the opening of the regulators and sluices is not to increase the level in Wivenhoe Dam above the peak level already attained. Section 9.3 on regulator and gate operation interval is to be observed.

In the case of (ii) above, the regulators and sluices are to be operated such that the free-board between the flood level in Wivenhoe Dam and EL 77 is the same as the free-board between the flood level in So merset Dam and the non-spillway cre st level in So merset D am (E L 107.46). The low level out lets in So merset Dam are not to be opened if the water level in Wivenhoe Dam exceeds the level set out below for given water levels in Somerset Dam.

| Somerset Lake Level m AHD | Wivenhoe Lake Level m AHD |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | |
| 102.5 | 72 |
| 103.5 | 73 |
| 104.5 | 74 |
| 105.5 | 75 |
| 106.5 | 76 |
| 107.46 | 77 |

The constraints applicable to case (i) operation above do not apply to case (ii) operation.

10.6 Equipment Failure

In the event of equipment failure the action to be taken is indicated in Appendix G f or Wivenhoe Dam and Appendix H for Somerset Dam.

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

APPENDIX A EXTRACT FROM ACT

EXTRACT FROM WATER ACT 2000

Division 2 – Flood Mitigation

Owners of certain dams must prepare flood mitigation manual

- 496.(1) A r egulation may nominate an owner of a d am as an owner who must prepare a manual (a "flood mitigation manual") of operational procedures for flood mitigation for the dam.
- (2) The regulation must nominate the time by which the owner must comply with section 497(1).

Approving flood mitigation manual

497.(1) The owner must give the chief executive a c opy of the flood mitigation manual for the chief executive's approval.

(2) The chief executive may, by gazette notice, approve the manual.

(3) The approval may be for a period of not more than 5 years.

(4) The c hief e xecutive may get a dvice from an a dvisory co uncil before approving the manual.

Amending flood mitigation manual

498.(1) The chief executive may require the owner, by notice, to amend the flood mitigation manual.

(2) The owner must comply with the chief executive's request under subsection (1).

- (3) The chief executive must, by gazette notice, approve the manual as amended.
- (4) The approval of the manual as amended must be for-

(a) the balance of the period of the approval for the manual before amendment; or

(b) a period of not more than 5 years from the day the manual as amended was approved.

(5) The chief executive may get advice from an advisory council before approving the manual as amended.

Regular reviews of flood mitigation manual

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

499. Before the approval for the flood mitigation manual expires, the owner must-

- (a) review, and if necessary, update the manual; and
- (b) give a copy of it to the chief executive under section 497.

Protection from liability for complying with flood mitigation manual

500.(1) The chief executive or a member of the council does not incur civil liability for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this division.

(2) An owner who observes the operational procedures in a flood mitigation manual approved by the chief executive does not incur civil liability for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence in observing the procedures.

(3) If subsection (1) or (2) prevents civil liability attaching to a person, the liability attaches instead to the State.

(4) In this section-

"owner" includes-

- (a) a director of the owner or operator of the dam; or
- (b) an employee of the owner or operator of the dam; or
- (c) an agent of the owner or operator of the dam

Revision No: 4

Date: 6/09/02

APPENDIX B AGENCIES HOLDING DOCUMENTS

AGENCIES HOLDING CONTROLLED DOCUMENTS OF MANUAL OF OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES FOR FLOOD MITIGATION FOR WIVENHOE DAM AND SOMERSET DAM

| Dam Owner | South East Queensland Water Corporation |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Emergency Services | Department of Emergency Services, Disaster Management Service |
| | Brisbane City Counter Disaster Committee |
| | Esk Shire Counter Disaster Committee |
| | Ipswich City Counter Disaster Committee |
| | Kilcoy Shire Counter Disaster Committee |
| Severe Weather Warning Authority | Bureau of Meteorology |
| Primary Response Authorities | Brisbane City Council |
| | Esk Shire Council |
| | Ipswich City Council |
| | Kilcoy Shire Council |
| Regulator of Dam Safety | Department of Natural Resources and Mines |
| Schedule of Authorities, Appendix C | Agencies and persons listed in Appendix C |

The Corporation <u>must</u> keep a register of contact persons of holders of controlled documents (Section 1.9 refers).

Deleted: shall

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Date: 17/04/02

| AUTHORITY | AGENC Y/PERSON | APPROVED BY | APPROVAL DATE | REFERENCE |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Senior Flood Operations Engineer | Robert Arnold Ayre SunWater | Chief Executive of this manual | Date of approval of this manual | |
| | John Lawrence Ruffini Department of Natural Resources and Mines | Chief Executive | Chief Executive Date of approval of this manual | |
| Flood Operations Engineer Peter Hugh Allen Department of Na and Mines | Peter Hugh Allen Department of Natural Resources and Mines | Chief Executive of this manual | Date of approval of this manual | |
| | Robert Arnold Ayre SunWater | Chief Executive of this manual | Date of approval of this manual | |
| | John Lawrence Ruffini Department of Natural Resources and Mines | Chief Executive of this manual | Date of approval of this manual | |
| | Toby Leonard McGrath SunWater | Chief Executive of this manual | Date of approval of this manual | |
| | Donald James Cock Department of Natural Resources and Mines | Chief Executive | Chief Executive Date of approval of this manual | |

APPENDIX C SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITIES

Doc: FM QD 1.1

APPENDIX D GAUGES AND BRIDGES

D.1. KEY REFERENCE GAUGES

| | BRISBANE CITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------|-------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | FL | FL OOD CLASSIFICATION | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gauge | | Minor | Moderate | Major | 1974 Flood | | | | | | | | | |
| Moggill | 10. | 0 | 13.0 | 15.5 | 19. 9 | | | | | | | | | |
| Jindalee | 6. | 0 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 14. 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Brisbane City Gauge (B.C.G) | 1. | 7 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 5. 5 | | | | | | | | | |

(Reference: Brisbane City Disaster Management Plan, Flood Management Special Plan 30 July, 1996)

| | IPSWICH | I CITY | | |
|---------------------|---------|--------------|-------|------------|
| | FL OOD | CLASSIFICATI | ON | |
| Gauge | Minor | Moderate | Major | 1974 Flood |
| David Trumpy Bridge | 7.0 | 9.0 | 11.7 | 20.7 |
| Mt Crosby Weir | 11.0 | 13.0 | 21.0 | 26.7 |
| Moggill | 10.0 | 13.0 | 15.5 | 19.9 |

ESK SHIRE

| | FL | OOD CLASSIFICATIO | DN |
|----------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|
| Gauge | Minor | Moderate | Major |
| Lowood Alert Station | 8.6 | 15.9 | 21.2 |

KILCOY SHIRE

| | FL | LOOD CLASSIFICATIO | DN |
|---------------------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|
| Gauge | Minor | Moderate | Major |
| C I D | | | |
| Somerset Dam Reservoir Level | 103.0 | 105.0 | 106.0 |

Values are in metres AHD

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APPENDIX D

D.2. SUBMERGENCE FLOWS FOR BRIDGES

| AMTD | Bridge Name | Estimated Submergence Flow m ³ /sec |
|------|-----------------------|--|
| 140 | Twin Bridges | 50 |
| 132 | Savage's Crossing | 130 |
| 87 | College's Crossing | 175-200* |
| 120 | Burton's Bridge | 430 |
| 100 | Kholo Bridge | 550 |
| 91 | Mt.Crosby Weir Bridge | 1900 |
| 136 | Fernvale Bridge | 2000 |

* Affected by tides.

Twin Bridges, Wivenhoe Pocket Road, Fernvale Savage's Crossing, Banks Creek Road, Fernvale College's Crossing, Mt Crosby Rd, Karana Downs Burton's Bridge, E Summerville Rd, Borallon Kholo Bridge, Kholo Rd, Ipswich Mt Crosby Weir Bridge, Allawah Rd, Mt Crosby Fernvale Bridge, Brisbane Valley Highway, north of Fernvale

APPENDIX EWIVENHOE DAM TECHNICAL DATATABLE E1STORAGE AND UNCONTROLLED DISCHARGES

| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | 510 | | | ULLED DISCH | indeb | | | | |
|--|-------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | *** | ** | * | * | | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | | | | | | | | |
| rm^3/sec rm^3/sec rm^3/sec rm^3/sec 57.0414-11.1024.905057.5453-12.0425.246958.0466-12.9725.41512858.5494-13.9025.73221159.0523-15.7726.27743960.0584-16.7126.410557960.5616-17.6426.613673561.0649-18.5826.917090561.5683-19.5127.120710.9062.5756-21.3827.5288149563.0795-22.3227.8333172063.5835-23.2528.0379195064.4877-25.1228.44792.45065.5965-26.0628.75322.72065.51012-27.9229.16453.28066.01061-27.9229.16453.28066.5133417132.6030.19594.86069.013932303.5330.31.0285.0069.013932303.54030.71.715.51070.0151735035.4030.71.7198.66071.517 | m AHD | | | per 1mm rise | per Regulator | per Spillway | Available | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | 10^{6} m^{3} | 10^{6} m^{3} | per hour | m ³ /sec | | Discharge | | | |
| 57.5 453 - 12.04 25.2 4 69 58.0 466 - 12.97 25.4 15 128 58.5 494 - 13.90 25.7 32 211 59.0 523 - 14.84 25.9 53 316 59.5 553 - 16.71 26.2 77 439 60.0 584 - 16.71 26.4 105 579 60.5 616 - 17.64 26.6 136 735 61.0 649 - 18.58 26.9 170 905 61.5 683 - 19.51 27.1 207 1090 62.0 719 - 20.45 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 64.0 877 - 24.19 28.2 428 2195 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.5 1012 - 26.99 28.9 587 2995 66.0 1061 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 67.0 1165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3885 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.7 1706 | | | | m ³ /sec | | m ³ /sec | m ³ /sec | | | |
| 57.5 453 - 12.04 25.2 469 58.0 466 - 12.97 25.4 15 128 58.5 494 - 13.90 25.7 32 211 59.0 523 - 14.84 25.9 53 316 59.5 553 - 16.71 26.2 77 439 60.0 584 - 16.71 26.4 105 579 60.5 616 - 17.64 26.6 136 735 61.0 649 - 18.58 26.9 170 905 61.5 683 - 19.51 27.1 207 1090 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 63.5 835 - 22.325 28.0 379 1950 64.0 877 - 24.19 28.2 428 2195 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.5 1012 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 67.0 1165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3885 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4860 69.5 1454 290 34.47 30.5 1098 | 57.0 | 414 | - | 11.10 | 24.9 | 0 | 50 | | | |
| 58.0 466 - 12.97 25.4 15 128 58.5 494 - 13.90 25.7 32 211 59.0 523 - 14.84 25.9 53 316 59.5 553 - 15.77 26.2 77 439 60.0 584 - 16.71 26.4 105 779 61.0 649 - 18.58 26.9 170 905 61.5 683 - 19.51 27.1 207 1090 62.0 719 - 20.45 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 63.5 835 - 23.25 28.0 379 1950 64.6 877 - 24.19 28.2 428 2195 65.0 965 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.5 1012 - 26.96 28.7 532 2720 65.5 1012 - 28.96 29.7 565 3885 67.0 1165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3885 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 999 4860 69.0 1393 230 33.53 30.3 1028 | | | - | | | | | | | |
| 88.5 494 - 13.90 25.7 32 211 59.0 523 - 14.84 25.9 53 316 59.5 553 - 15.77 26.2 77 439 60.0 584 - 16.71 26.4 105 579 60.5 616 - 17.64 26.6 136 735 61.0 649 - 18.88 26.9 170 905 61.5 683 - 19.51 27.1 207 1090 62.0 719 - 20.45 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 64.0 877 - 24.19 28.2 428 2195 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.5 1012 - 26.06 28.7 532 270 65.5 1012 - 28.99 28.7 532 270 66.5 1112 - 28.99 28.9 587 2995 66.0 1061 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.0 1276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4525 67.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 <td></td> <td>466</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | 466 | - | | | | | | | |
| 59.0 523 $ 14.84$ 25.9 53 316 59.5 553 $ 15.77$ 26.2 77 439 60.0 584 $ 16.71$ 26.4 105 579 60.5 616 $ 17.64$ 26.6 136 735 61.0 649 $ 18.58$ 26.9 170 905 62.0 719 $ 20.45$ 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 $ 21.38$ 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 $ 22.32$ 27.8 333 1720 63.5 835 $ 23.25$ 28.0 379 1950 64.0 877 $ 24.19$ 28.2 428 2195 64.5 920 $ 25.12$ 28.4 479 2450 65.5 1012 $ 26.99$ 28.9 587 2995 66.0 1061 $ 27.92$ 29.1 645 3280 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.0 1276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 989 4525 69.0 1393 230 33.53 30.3 1028 5200 69.5 1454 290 34.47 30.5 1098 550 70.0 1581 418 <td></td> <td>494</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | 494 | - | | | | | | | |
| 59.5 553 - 15.77 26.2 77 439 60.0 584 - 16.71 26.4 105 579 61.0 649 - 17.64 26.6 136 735 61.0 649 - 18.58 26.9 170 905 61.5 683 - 19.51 27.1 207 1090 62.0 719 - 20.45 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.5 1012 - 26.99 28.9 587 2.995 66.0 1061 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 67.0 1165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3885 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.0 1276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4860 69.0 1393 230 35.33 30.3 1028 5200 69.5 1454 290 34.47 30.7 1170 5910 70.5 1581 418 37.27 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | - | | | | | | | |
| 60.0 584 - 16.71 26.4 105 579 60.5 616 - 17.64 26.6 136 735 61.0 649 - 18.58 26.9 170 905 61.5 683 - 19.51 27.1 207 1090 62.0 719 - 20.45 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 63.5 835 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.5 902 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.5 1012 - 26.99 28.9 587 2.995 66.0 1061 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 66.5 1112 - 28.86 29.3 704 3580 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.7 1098 5500 70.0 1517 35.40 30.7 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | - | | | | | | | |
| 60.5 61.6 $ 17.64$ 26.6 13.6 73.5 61.0 64.9 $ 18.58$ 26.9 170 90.5 61.5 68.3 $ 19.51$ 27.1 20.7 1090 62.0 719 $ 20.45$ 27.3 24.6 12.90 62.5 75.6 $ 21.38$ 27.5 28.8 14.95 63.0 795 $ 22.32$ 27.8 33.3 1720 63.5 83.5 $ 23.25$ 28.0 37.9 1.950 64.0 87.7 $ 24.19$ 28.2 42.8 2.195 64.5 920 $ 25.12$ 28.4 479 2.450 65.5 1012 $ 26.99$ 28.9 587 2.995 66.0 10.61 $ 27.92$ 29.1 645 3.280 67.0 1165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3.885 67.5 1122 31.66 29.9 893 4.525 68.0 1276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4.525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 995 4.860 69.5 1.454 290 34.47 30.5 10.98 5.50 70.0 1517 350 35.40 30.7 1.77 5.910 71.5 1.81 418 36.33 30.9 1.244 62.80 71.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>26.4</td> <td></td> <td colspan="4">579</td> | | | - | | 26.4 | | 579 | | | |
| 61.0 649 - 18.58 26.9 170 905 61.5 683 - 19.51 27.1 207 1090 62.0 719 - 20.45 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 63.5 835 - 23.25 28.0 379 1950 64.0 877 - 24.19 28.2 428 2195 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.5 1012 - 26.99 28.9 587 2995 66.0 1061 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 67.5 1122 - 28.86 29.3 704 3580 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.0 1276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4860 69.6 1393 230 33.53 30.3 1028 5200 69.5 1454 290 34.47 30.5 1098 5550 70.0 1517 350 35.40 30.7 1170 5910 70.5 1581 418 36.33 30.9 1244 6280 71.0 1647 485 | | | _ | | | | | | | |
| 61.5 683 - 19.51 27.1 207 1090 62.0 719 - 20.45 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 63.5 835 - 23.25 28.0 379 1950 64.0 877 - 24.19 28.2 428 2195 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.0 965 - 26.06 28.7 532 2720 65.5 1012 - 26.99 28.9 587 2995 66.0 1061 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 67.0 1165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3885 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.0 1276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4860 69.0 1393 230 33.53 30.3 1028 5200 69.5 1454 290 34.47 30.5 1098 5550 70.0 1581 418 36.33 30.9 1244 6280 71.0 1647 485 37.27 31.1 1396 7400 72.5 1854 683 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td colspan="4"></td></t<> | | | _ | | | | | | | |
| 62.0 719 - 20.45 27.3 246 1290 62.5 756 - 21.38 27.5 288 1495 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 63.5 835 - 23.25 28.0 379 1950 64.0 877 - 24.19 28.2 428 2195 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.0 965 - 26.06 28.7 532 2720 65.5 1012 - 26.99 28.9 587 2995 66.0 1061 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 66.5 1112 - 28.86 29.3 704 3580 67.0 1165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3885 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.0 1276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4860 69.0 1393 230 35.53 30.3 1028 5200 69.5 1454 290 34.47 30.5 1098 5550 70.0 1517 350 35.40 30.7 1170 5910 70.5 1581 418 36.33 30.9 1244 6280 71.0 1647 485 < | | | - | | | | 1 090 | | | |
| 62.5 756 $ 21.38$ 27.5 288 1.495 63.0 795 $ 22.32$ 27.8 333 1.720 63.5 835 $ 23.25$ 28.0 379 1.950 64.0 877 $ 24.19$ 28.2 428 2.195 64.5 920 $ 25.12$ 28.4 479 2.450 65.5 905 $ 26.06$ 28.7 532 2720 65.5 1.012 $ 26.99$ 28.9 587 2.995 66.0 1.061 $ 27.92$ 29.1 645 3.280 66.5 1.112 $ 28.86$ 29.3 704 3.580 67.0 1.165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3.885 67.5 1.220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4.200 68.0 1.276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4.525 68.5 1.334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4.860 69.0 1.393 230 33.53 30.3 1.028 5.200 69.5 1.454 290 34.47 30.5 1.098 5.550 70.0 1.517 35.0 35.40 30.7 1.170 5.910 71.5 1.744 550 38.20 31.3 1.396 7.440 72.5 1.854 683 40.07 31.7 1.554 7.840 | | | _ | | | | | | | |
| 63.0 795 - 22.32 27.8 333 1720 63.5 835 - 23.25 28.0 379 1950 64.0 877 - 24.19 28.2 428 2195 64.5 920 - 25.12 28.4 479 2450 65.0 965 - 26.06 28.7 532 2720 65.5 1012 - 26.99 28.9 587 2995 66.0 1061 - 27.92 29.1 645 3280 66.5 1112 - 28.86 29.3 704 3580 67.0 1165 0 29.79 29.5 765 3885 67.5 1220 56 30.73 29.7 828 4200 68.0 1276 112 31.66 29.9 893 4525 68.5 1334 171 32.60 30.1 959 4860 69.0 1393 230 33.53 30.3 1028 5200 69.5 1454 290 34.47 30.5 1098 5550 70.0 1517 350 35.40 30.7 1170 5910 71.0 1647 485 37.27 31.1 1319 6660 71.5 1714 550 38.20 31.3 1396 7400 72.5 1854 683 40.07 31.7 1554 7840 73.5 2000 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | _ | | | | | | | |
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| 76.02 3951 24046.6133.12 15810 86076.52 4801 25847.5533.32 25011 32077.02 5661 42048.4833.42 34311 78077.52 6551 50049.4136.62 43812 26078.02 7461 58050.3533.82 53512 74078.52 8391 68051.2834.02 63213 230 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 76.52 4801 25847.5533.32 25011 32077.02 5661 42048.4833.42 34311 78077.52 6551 50049.4136.62 43812 26078.02 7461 58050.3533.82 53512 74078.52 8391 68051.2834.02 63213 230 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 77.02 5661 42048.4833.42 34311 78077.52 6551 50049.4136.62 43812 26078.02 7461 58050.3533.82 53512 74078.52 8391 68051.2834.02 63213 230 | | | | | | | 10 860 | | | |
| 77.52 6551 50049.4136.62 43812 26078.02 7461 58050.3533.82 53512 74078.52 8391 68051.2834.02 63213 230 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 78.02 7461 58050.3533.82 53512 74078.52 8391 68051.2834.02 63213 230 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 78.5 2 839 1 680 51.28 34.0 2 632 13 230 | | | | | | | 12 260 | | | |
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| | | | | | | | 13 230 | | | |
| 79.0 2 934 1 780 52.22 34.2 2 731 13 730 | 79.0 | 2 934 | 1 780 | 52.22 | 34.2 | 2 731 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

* This is the maximum discharge of an individual spillway bay or regulator. Total discharge is calculated by adding the contributions of each gate or regulator. There are two (2) regulators to five (5) spillway bays.

** This assumes that all gates and sluices are closed. Discharges through the spillway have to be added to the above figures to calculate the actual inflow into the reservoir.

*** The temporary storage above normal Full Supply Level of EL 67.0.

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02

TABLE E2 CONTROLLED GATE DISCHARGES

Wivenhoe Dam Gate Opening (m of Tangential Travel)

| 0oc: FM OD 1.1 | Water EL (m AHD) | 0. | 0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.53. 03. 54. 04. | 55.0 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 10.0 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 11.5 12. 01 | 2.5 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 14.0 |) 14 | .5 15 | i.0 15 | i.5 16 | 0 16. | 5 17.0 |
|----------------|---------------------|----|--------------|-----|----------|------------|------------|--|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------|------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| DD 1 1 | 67.0 67.2 | | 0 49 0 49 | | 98 99 | 146 148 | 194 196 | 240 285 329 372 413 453 243 288 333 376 418 458 | | 492 498 | 530 537 | 567 574 | 603 611 | 639 648 | 675 684 | 709 720 | 744 755 | 765 790 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 67.4 | | 0 | 50 | 100 | 149 | 198 | 245 291 336 380 422 464 | | 504 | 543 | 582 | 619 | 657 | 693 | 730 | 766 | 802 | 815 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 67.6 | | 0 | 50 | 101 | 151 | 200 | 248 294 340 384 427 469 | | 510 | 550 | 589 | 627 | 665 | 702 | 740 | 777 | 814 | 841 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 67.8 | | 0 | 51 | 102 | 152 | 202 | 250 297 343 388 432 474 | | 515 | 556 | 596 | 635 | 673 | 712 | 750 | 787 | 825 | 863 | 867 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R | 68.0 | | 0 | 51 | 103 | 154 | 204 | 253 300 347 392 436 479 | | 521 | 562 | 603 | 642 | 682 | 721 | 759 | 798 | 837 | 876 | 893 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| evis | 68.2 | | 0 | 52 | 104 | 155 | 206 | 255 303 350 396 441 484 | | 527 | 569 | 610 | 650 | 690 | 729 | 769 | 808 | 848 | 888 | 919 | | | | | | UNCC | NTRO | LLED | | | | |
| Revision No: | 68.4 | | 0 | 52 | 105 | 156 | 207 | 257 306 354 400 445 489 | | 532 | 575 | 616 | 657 | 698 | 738 | 778 | 818 | 859 | 899 | 940 | 946 | | | | | | DISC | HARG | E | | | |
| No | 68.6 | | 0 | 53 | 105 | 158 | 209 | 260 309 357 404 450 494 | | 538 | 581 | 623 | 665 | 706 | 747 | 788 | 829 | 870 | 911 | 953 | 973 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ა | 68.8 | | 0 | 53 | 106 | 159 | 211 | 262 312 360 408 454 499 | | 543 | 587 | 630 | 672 | 714 | 755 | 797 | 838 | 880 | 923 | 965 | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 69.0 | | 0 | 54 | 107 | 160 | 213 | 264 315 364 412 458 504 | | 549 | 593 | 636 | 679 | 722 | 764 | 806 | 848 | 891 | 934 | 977 | 1022 | 1028 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Da | 69.2 | | 0 | 54 | 108 | 162 | | 267 317 367 415 463 509 | | 554 | 599 | 643 | 686 | 729 | 772 | 815 | 858 | 901 | 945 | | 1035 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Date: | 69.4 | | 0 | 54 | 109 | 163 | 217 | 269 320 370 419 467 514 | | 560 | 605 | 649 | 693 | 737 | 780 | 824 | 868 | 912 | 956 | 1001 | 1047 | 1084 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28/ | 69.6 | | 0 | 55 | 110 | 164 | | 271 323 373 423 471 518 | | 565 | 611 | 656 | 700 | 744 | 789 | 833 | 877 | 922 | 967 | | | 1107 1112 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28/08/01 | 69.8 | | 0 | 55 | 111 | 166 | 220 | 273 326 377 427 475 523 | | 570 | 616 | 662 | 707 | 752 | 797 | 842 | 887 | 932 | 978 | 1025 | 1072 | 1121 1141 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 70.0 | | 0 | 56 | 112 | 167 | 222 | 276 328 380 430 479 528 | | 575 | 622 | 668 | 714 | 759 | 805 | 850 | 896 | 942 | 989 | 1036 | 1085 | 1134 1170 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 70.2 | | 0 | 56 | 112 | 168 | 224 | 278 331 383 434 484 532 | | 580 | 628 | 674 | 721 | 767 | 813 | 859 | 905 | 952 | 1000 | 1048 | 1097 | 1147 119 8 1 | 1199 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 70.4 | | 0 | 56 | 113 | 170 | 225 | 280 334 386 437 488 537 | | 586 | 633 | 680 | 727 | 774 | 821 | 867 | 914 | 962 | 1010 | 1059 | 1109 | 1160 121 2 1 | 1229 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 70.6 | | 0 | 57 | 114 | 171 | 227 | 282 336 389 441 492 542 | | 591 | 639 | 687 | 734 | 781 | 828 | 876 | 923 | | 1020 | | | 1173 122 6 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 70.8 | | 0 | 57 | 115 | 172 | 229 | 284 339 392 445 496 546 | | 596 | 644 | 693 | 741 | 788 | 836 | 884 | 932 | 981 | 1031 | 1081 | 1133 | 1185 123 9 1 | 1289 | | | | | | | | | |
| P | 71.0 | | 0 | 58 | 116 | 173 | 230 | 286 341 395 448 500 551 | | 601 | 650 | 699 | 747 | 795 | 844 | 892 | 941 | 991 | 1041 | 1092 | 1144 | 1198 125 2 1 | 309 | 1319 | | | | | | | | |
| age | 71.2 | | 0 | 58 | 117 | 175 | 232 | 289 344 398 452 504 555 | | 605 | 655 | 705 | 754 | 802 | 851 | 900 | 950 | 1000 | 1051 | 1103 | 1156 | 1210 126 61 | 323 | 1349 | | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 71.4 | | 0 | 58 | 117 | 176 | 234 | 291 347 401 455 508 559 | | 610 | 661 | 710 | 760 | 809 | 859 | 908 | 959 | | | | | 1222 127 9 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Page 36 of 55 | 71.6 | | 0 | 59 | 118 | 177 | 235 | 293 349 404 458 512 564 | | 615 | 666 | | 766 | 816 | 866 | 916 | | | | | | 1234 129 2 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 55 | 71.8 | | 0 | 59 | 119 | 178 | 237 | 295 352 407 462 515 568 | | 620 | 671 | 722 | 773 | 823 | 874 | 924 | 976 | 1028 | 1081 | 1135 | 1190 | 1246 130 4 1 | 364 | 1425 | 1443 | | | | | | | |
| | 72.0 | | 0 | 60 | 120 | 180 | 239 | 297 354 410 465 519 572 | | 625 | 676 | 728 | 779 | 830 | 881 | 932 | 984 | 1037 | 1091 | 1145 | 1201 | 1258 131 7 1 | 377 | 1439 | 1474 | | | | | | | |
| | 72.2 | | 0 | 60 | 121 | 181 | 240 | 299 357 413 469 523 577 | | 629 | 682 | 733 | 785 | 837 | 888 | 940 | 993 | 1046 | 1100 | | | 1270 133 0 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 72.4 | | 0 | 60 | 121 | 182 | 242 | 301 359 416 472 527 581 | | 634 | 687 | 739 | 791 | 843 | 895 | 948 | 1001 | 1055 | 1110 | 1166 | 1223 | 1282 134 2 1 | 404 | 1468 | 1533 | 153 | 3 | | | | | |
| | 72.6 | | 0 | 61 | 122 | 183 | 243 | 303 361 419 475 531 585 | | 639 | 692 | 745 | 797 | 850 | 903 | 956 | 1009 | 1064 | 1119 | 1176 | 1234 | 1293 135 4 1 | 417 | 1482 | 1548 | 1570 |) | | | | | |
| 1 | 72.8 | | 0 | 61 | 123 | 184 | 245 | 305 364 422 478 534 589 | | 643 | 697 | 750 | 803 | 856 | 910 | 963 | 1018 | 1073 | 1129 | 1186 | 1245 | 1305 136 7 1 | 430 | 1496 | 1563 | 1603 | 3 | | | | | |

Doc: FM QD 1.1 Revision No: 3 Date: 28/08/01

Page 36 of 55

| Doc: F | Wiven | hoe Da | m | Ga | te O | pen | ing | (m o | f Ta | nger | tial | Travel |) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|----------|-------|-------|------------|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|----------------|---------|-----|------------|-----|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------|---------|------|-------|
| Doc: FM QD 1.1 | Water EL (m AHD) | 0.0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 10.0 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 15.0 | 15.5 | 16.0 | 16.5 | 17.0 |
| | 73.0 | 0 | 62 | 124 | 185 | 247 | 307 | 366 | 425 4 | 82 5 | 38 59 | 3 648 | 702 | 756 | 809 | 863 | 917 | 971 | 1026 | 1081 | 1138 | 1196 | 1255 | 1316 | 1379 14 | 43 | 1509 | 1577 | 1636 | | | | | | |
| | 73.2 | 2 | 62 1 | 24 | 187 | 248 | 309 | 369 | 427 4 | 85 5 | 42 59 | 7 653 | 707 | 761 | 815 | 869 | 924 | 978 | 1034 | 1090 | 1147 | 1206 | 1266 | 1327 | 1391 14 | 56 | 1523 | 1592 | 1663 | 1669 | 1 | UNCON. | ROLLE | D | |
| | 73.4 | 6 | 62 1 | 25 | 188 | 250 | 311 | 371 | 430 4 | 88 5 | 45 60 | 2 657 | 712 | 767 | 821 | 876 | 931 | 986 | 1042 | 1099 | 1156 | 1216 | 1276 | 1339 | 1403 14 | 69 | 1536 | 1606 | 1678 | 1702 | | I | DISCHAR | RGE | |
| | 73.6 | 11 | 64 | 126 1 | 89 | 251 | 313 | 373 | 433 4 | 91 5 | 49 60 | 6 662 | 717 | 772 | 827 | 882 | 937 | 993 | 1050 | 1107 | 1166 | 1225 | 1287 | 1350 | 1414 14 | 81 | 1550 | 1620 | 1693 | 1736 | | | | | |
| Rev | 73.8 | 17 | 69 | 127 1 | 90 | 253 | 315 | 376 | 436 4 | 95 5 | 53 61 | 0 666 | 722 | 778 | 833 | 888 | 944 | 1001 | 1058 | 1116 | 1175 | 1235 | 1297 | 1361 | 1426 14 | 94 | 1563 | 1635 | 1708 | 1770 | | | | | |
| Revision No: | 74.0 | 00 | 74 | 400 | 404 | 054 | 047 | 070 | 400.4 | 00 F | 50.04 | 4 674 | 707 | 700 | | 005 | 054 | 4000 | 4005 | 4404 | | 40.45 | 4007 | 4070 | 4400 45 | | 4570 | 40.40 | 4700 | 4000 | 4004 | | | | |
| n Z | 74.0 74.2 | 23 31 | | | 191 192 | | | | | | 56 61 60 61 | | | 783 788 | | 895 901 | 951 958 | 1008 1015 | 1065 1073 | 1124 1132 | 1184 1192 | 1245 1254 | 1307 1317 | 1372 1382 | 1438 15 1449 15 | | 1576 1589 | 1648 1662 | 1723 1738 | 1800 1815 | 1804 1838 | | | | |
| 0:3 | 74.4 | 39 | | 139 | | | | | | | 63 62 | | | 793 | | 907 | 964 | 1013 | 1073 | 1140 | 1201 | 1264 | 1327 | 1393 | 1461 15 | | 1602 | 1676 | 1752 | 1831 | 1873 | | | | |
| | 74.4 | 47 | | 145 | | | | | | | 67 62 | | | 799 | | 913 | 971 | 1022 | 1089 | 1140 | 1210 | 1204 | 1327 | 1404 | 1472 15 | | 1615 | 1690 | 1767 | 1846 | 1908 | | | | |
| | 74.8 | 56 | | | | _ | | | | | 70 62 | | | 804 | | 919 | 978 | 1036 | 1096 | 1157 | 1219 | 1282 | | 1414 | 1483 15 | | | 1703 | | | 1943 | | | | |
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APPENDIX F SOMERSET DAM TECHNICAL DATA

| | 510101 | | Jein meer | ARGE FOR SOMERSET DAM | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Lake level | Reservoir Capacity 10 ⁶ m ³ | Temporary Flood Storage 10 ⁶ m ³ | Net Inflow per 1mm rise per hour | * Discharge per Regulator | * Discharge per Sluice | * Discharge per Spillway Bay 3' | Maximum Available Discharge | | | | | |
| M AHD | 10° m° | 10° m° | m ³ /sec | m ³ /sec | m ³ /sec | m ³ /sec | m ³ /sec | | | | | |
| 90.0 90.5 91.0 91.5 92.0 93.5 94.0 94.5 95.0 95.5 96.0 96.5 97.0 97.5 98.0 98.5 99.0 99.5 100.0 100.5 101.0 101.5 102.0 102.5 103.0 103.5 104.0 105.5 106.0 105.5 106.0 106.5 107.0 107.5 | $\begin{array}{c} 120.3 \\ 129.5 \\ 139.3 \\ 149.6 \\ 160.5 \\ 172.0 \\ 184.1 \\ 196.7 \\ 210.0 \\ 224.0 \\ 238.5 \\ 253.6 \\ 269.3 \\ 285.6 \\ 302.7 \\ 320.7 \\ 339.5 \\ 359.2 \\ 379.8 \\ 401.4 \\ 428.9 \\ 447.5 \\ 472.2 \\ 498.0 \\ 524.9 \\ 553.1 \\ 582.6 \\ 613.2 \\ 645.1 \\ 678.3 \\ 712.7 \\ 748.3 \\ 785.2 \\ 823.4 \\ 863.1 \\ 904.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & $ | $\begin{array}{c} 5.29\\ 5.50\\ 4.88\\ 5.28\\ 5.68\\ 6.09\\ 6.79\\ 7.10\\ 7.43\\ 7.78\\ 8.15\\ 8.54\\ 8.95\\ 9.37\\ 9.81\\ 10.28\\ 10.76\\ 11.25\\ 11.77\\ 12.31\\ 13.28\\ 13.83\\ 14.39\\ 14.95\\ 15.53\\ 16.11\\ 16.70\\ 17.30\\ 17.90\\ 18.52\\ 19.14\\ 19.78\\ 20.42\\ 21.07\\ 21.73\\ 22.39\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 57\\ 58\\ 58\\ 59\\ 60\\ 60\\ 61\\ 62\\ 62\\ 63\\ 64\\ 64\\ 65\\ 66\\ 66\\ 67\\ 68\\ 69\\ 69\\ 70\\ 70\\ 70\\ 71\\ 72\\ 72\\ 73\\ 73\\ 74\\ 74\\ 75\\ 75\\ 76\\ 76\\ 76\\ 77\\ 78\\ 78\\ 78\end{array}$ | 163 165 167 170 172 174 176 179 181 183 185 187 189 191 193 195 197 199 201 203 205 207 209 211 212 214 216 223 225 226 230 232 | | $\begin{array}{c} 1 529\\ 1 550\\ 1 572\\ 1 593\\ 1 614\\ 1 635\\ 1 655\\ 1 676\\ 1 695\\ 1 715\\ 1 735\\ 1 754\\ 1 773\\ 1 792\\ 1 810\\ 1 829\\ 1 847\\ 1 865\\ 1 883\\ 1 901\\ 1 918\\ 1 937\\ 1 989\\ 2 076\\ 2 189\\ 2 325\\ 2 482\\ 2 659\\ 2 854\\ 3 067\\ 3 296\\ 3 542\\ 3 803\\ 4 079\\ 4 370\\ 4 675\\ \end{array}$ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

 Table F-l

 STORAGE AND DISCHARGE FOR SOMERSET DAM

This is the maximum discharge of an individual gate or regulator. Total discharge is calculated by adding the contributions of each gate or regulator.

Regulator- Discharge regulator valve of which there are four (4).Sluice- Sluice gate of which there are eight (8).Spillway- Overflow section of dam controlled by eight (8) radial gates.Temporary Flood- The temporary storage above the normal full supply level of El 99 m (AHD)Storage

Doc: FM QD 1.1

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Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02

APPENDIX G WIVENHOE DAM GATE OPERATION CONSIDERATIONS

Full size pl ans of Wivenhoe D am, and Operations and M aintenance Manuals for Wivenhoe Dam are held by the Corporation and the Headworks Operator and a re available at the site. Operations and Maintenance Manu als relevant to the flood operation of the gates are:

- (a) "Master Manual and Drawings."
- (b) "Radial and Penstock Gate Hoists and Drawings."

G.1. SPILLWAY OPERATION PRINCIPLES

The radial gates are sequentially numbered from 1 to 5 from left to right looking in the downstream direction. Appendix I shows the general arrangement of the spillway area.

The flip bucket spillway is designed to control the discharge from the reservoir and to dissipate the energy of t he discharge. The flip th rows the discharge clear of the concrete structures in to a plung e pool where the energy is dissipated by turbulence. Under non-symmetric flow conditions, or wh en gates 1 and 5 are not operating, the discharge jet may impinge on the walls of the plunge pool, which has been excavated into erodible sandstone rock, and cause non-predictable erosion. Upstream migration of this erosion is to be avoided. The wing walls adjacent to the flip bucket deflect the discharge away from the walls of the plunge pool when gates 1 and 5 are operated.

Therefore in operating the spillway, the principles to be observed are, in order of priority:

- (i) The discharge jet into the plunge pool is not to impinge on the right or left walls of the plunge pool.
- (ii) The flow in the spillway is to be symmetrical.

The main purpose of gating the spillway is to exercise maximum control over the flow in the Brisbane River insofar as river flows in excess of 4 000 m^3 /sec cause damage to urban areas downstream. The gates also allow the routing of much larger floods with substantial flood mitigation being achieved.

G.2. RADIAL GATE OPERATING PRINCIPLE

Each radial gate consists of a cylindrical upstream skinplate segment that is attached to the radial arms. The cy lindrical axis is ho rizontal. Each gate ro tates about two spherical trunnion bearings that are on this axis.

The position of the gate is controlled by hydraulically driven winches that are located on the piers beside the gates. Wire ropes are attached to the downstream face of the skin plate through a pulley system. The hydraulic motors work off a common pressure manifold and under perfectly matched conditions, will give an equal lifting force to each side of the gate. This system does not sense rope travel and will take up slack rope. It cannot prevent or correct skewing of the skin plate segment between the piers. If skewing o ccurs, skids will come into contact with t he si de seal p lates to limit movement. It is not possible to operate a winch independently of the other winch attached to the gate.

When the hydraulic motors are not en ergised, the gates are held in position by spring loaded friction brakes on the winches. There are two brake bands per winch and each band is capable of supporting half the weight of the gate. One winch can support the total weight of a gate on both its brake bands but not on one.

G.3. RADIAL GATES OPERATING LIMITATIONS

G.3.1. Opening and Closing Rate

The aperture opening rate of each gate is limited to 500 mm/minute.

Aperture movement is limited by a programmable timer that stops gate movement after a set period of time.

G.3.2. Al ternate Consecutive Operation

To maintain symmetry of discharge in the spillway, either gates 1 and 5 or gates 2 and 4 are to be operated in alternate consecutive increments. The power for gate operation comes from two independent electric hy draulic pumps, each of which is capable of operating one gate at a time.

The normal hydraulic pressure source for each gate is as follows:

| GATES | POWER SOURCE |
|---|---------------------------|
| Radial Gates 1 & 2, and Penstock Gate Hoist | Electric hydraulic pump 1 |
| Radial Gates 3, 4 & 5 | Electric hydraulic pump 2 |

In the event that an electric hydraulic pump fails, hydraulic pressure can be redirected from the other power source, but concurrent operation of more than one gate from a single power source is not possible.

Revision No: 4

G.3.3. Ov ertopping

While t he radi al g ates h ave been designed to w ithstand overtopping, it should be avoided if possible. The reservoir lev els and the structural state of the radial gates when in the closed position are as follows:

| Reservoir Level m AHD | Condition | Radial Gate Stress Condition with Gate Closed |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 73 | Top of closed gate | Normal |
| 77 | Design Flood Level | 33% Overstress |
| 79 | Crest Level | Critical |

Once overtopped, the gates become inoperable when the lifting tackle is fouled by debris from the overflow. The gates remain structurally secure until the reservoir level exceeds EL 77. The ability to control floods however may be lost.

G.3.4. G ate Dropping

Under no circumstances are the gates to be dropped. The lower skin plate sections are overstressed if a freefall of 60 mm is arrested by the seal plate on the spillway.

If a gate becomes stuck in an open position, it is to be freed by applying positive lifting forces. Under no circumstances are the winches to be unloaded and the direct weight of the gates used to yield the obstruction.

G.3.5. Operation in High Wind

Other than in periods of mitigation of medium and major floods, the gates are not to be raised or lowered when clear of water, duri ng periods of high winds. The gates c an however, be held on the brakes in any position in the presence of high wind.

The term "high wind" means any wind that ca uses twisting or movement of the gate. While a precise figure cannot be placed on these v elocities, further experience over time may allow a figure to be determined.

This limitation is required to prevent the gate from twisting from skew on one side to skew on the other side. While the gate is being raised or lowered, skewing cannot be prevented by the hydraulic lifting system and any im pact forces en countered may damage the gate.

G.3.6. Ma intenance

No more than one gate is to be inoperable at any one time for maintenance. The maintenance is to be scheduled so that the spillway bay can be cleared of obstructions in a reasonable time to allow its use in the event of major flooding.

G.4. BULKHEAD GATE OPERATING LIMITATIONS

The bulkhead gate can be used to control discharge in an emergency situation where a radial gate is inoperable. It is transported to, and lowered upstream of the inoperable radial gate by means of the gantry crane. The following conditions apply:

(a) The bulkhead gate can always be lowered with any type of underflow; and

(b) It is not possible to raise the bulkhead gate once it has been lowered past certain levels depending on upstream conditions without there being a pool of water between it and the radial gate. (Department of Primary Industries Wivenhoe Dam Design Report, September 1995 refers).

It is thus possible to preserve storage by effectively closing the spillway even with one radial gate inoperable. It will not be possible to raise the bulkhead gate until the radial gate behind has been repaired and is again storing water between the bulkhead gate and itself.

The bulkhead gate is not to be used for flood re gulation until the reservoir level is falling and not likely to rise within the period needed to repair the inoperable radial gate.

G.4.1. Opening and Closing Rates

The spil lway gantry crane is to be used to raise and lower the bulkhead gate. The crane op erates at two speeds, 1.5 and 3.0 m/min. When within the bulkhead gate guides, the bulkhead gate is to be moved only at 1.5 m/min.

G.4.2. Ov ertopping

In the event that the bulkhead gate is overtopped (reservoir level exceeds EL 69 when bulkhead gate is closed), it cannot be removed unless a pool of water fills the space between it and the radial gate behind. The closed bulkhead becomes critically stressed when the reservoir level overtops it to EL 71.4.

It is not possible to engage the lifting tackle while overtopping is occurring. While there is any risk that the bulkhead gate may be overtopped, the lifting gear is to be left engaged so th at the gate can b e raise d on ce the down stream radial g ate bec omes operable.

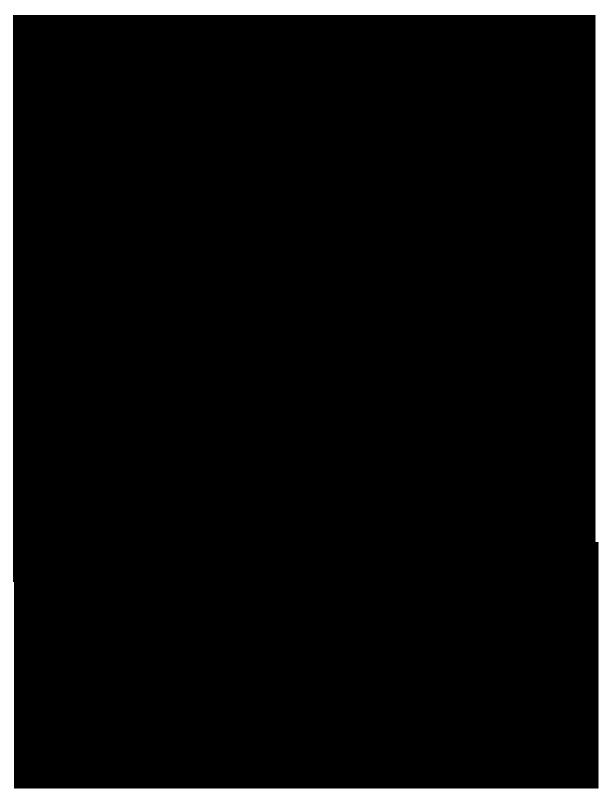
G.4.3. Di scharge Regulation

In the event that a radial gate is inop erable in a partially open position, the bulkh ead gate can be u sed for flow regulation provided that the lower lip of the radial gate is clear of the underflow jet.

Where a pool exists between the bulkhead gate and a radial gate under flow conditions, the bulkhead gate will be subjected to additional pull-down and possibly subjected to vortex-induced vibrations. When this condition occ urs, the bulkhead gate is to be lowered to dewater the pool. The bulkhead gate can then be adjusted to regulate the flow provided the underflow jet remains below the lower lip of the radial gate.

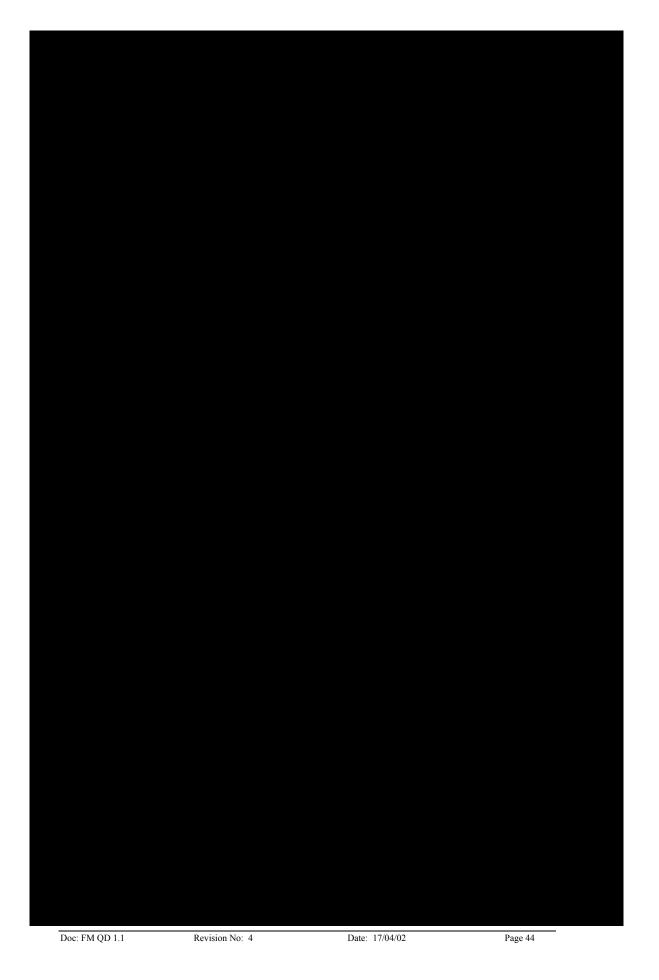
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Revision No: 4



Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02





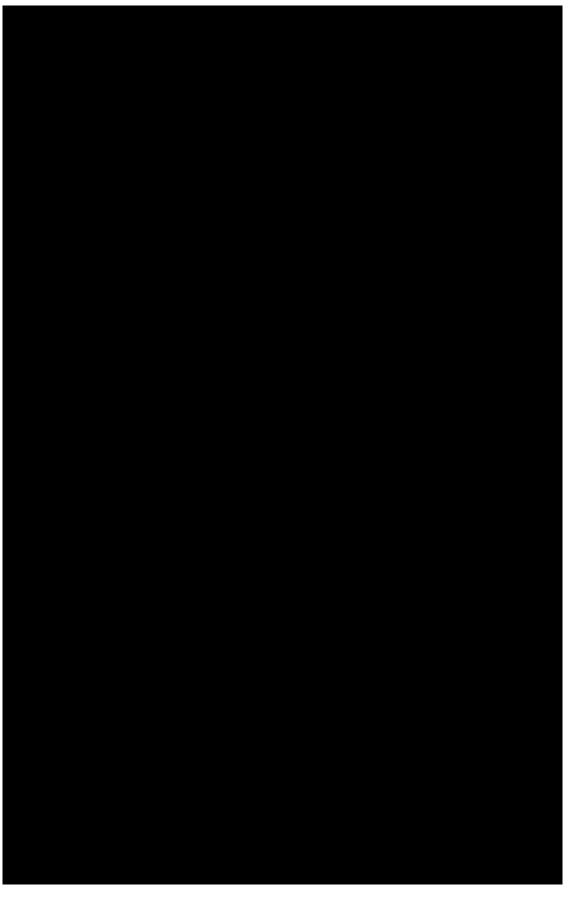
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Date: 17/04/02



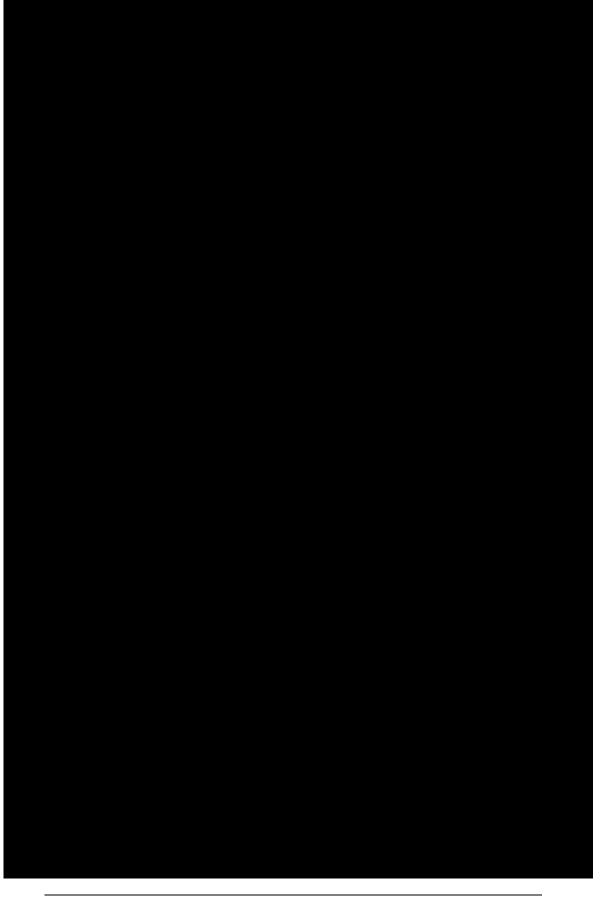
Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02



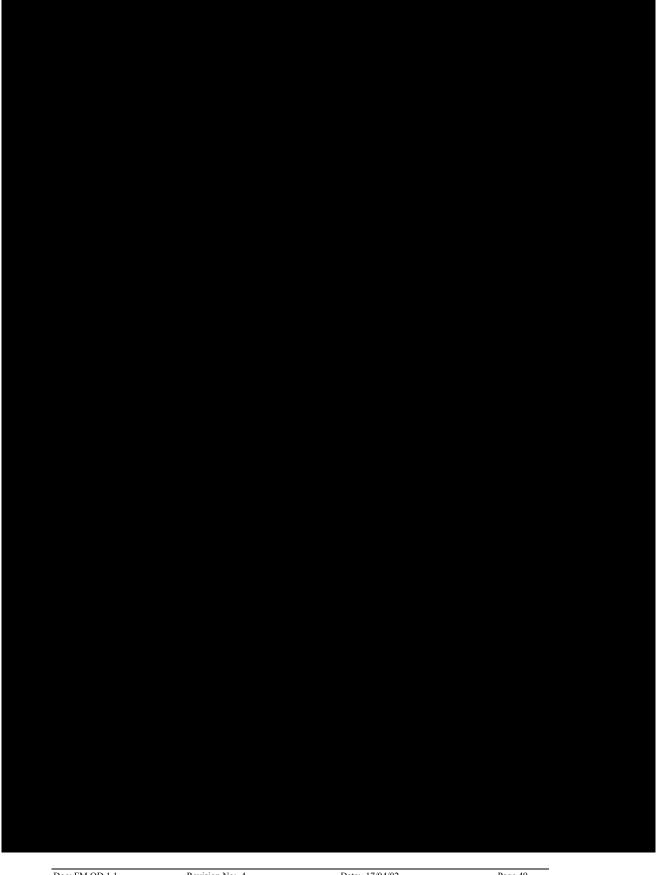
Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02



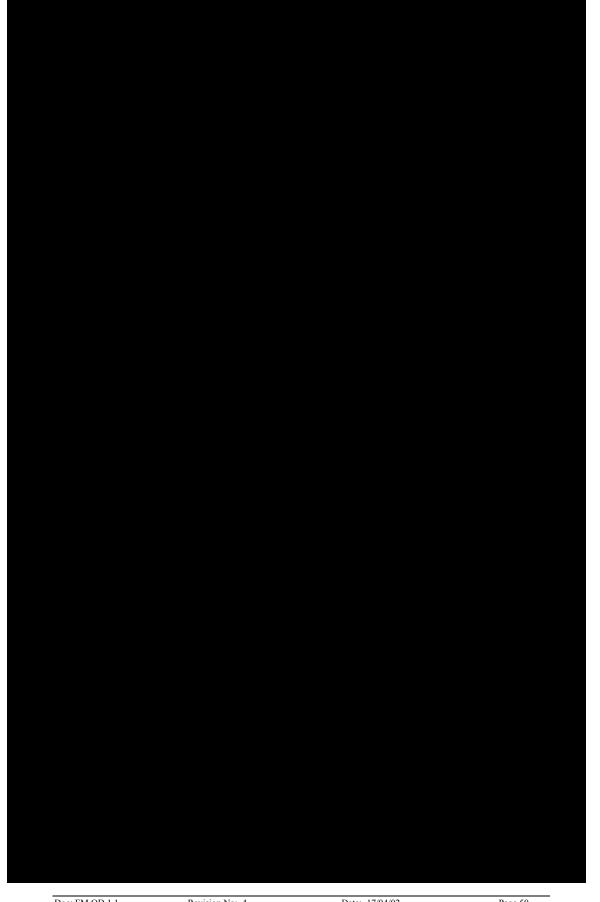
Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02



Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02



Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02

This assess ment assumes certa in operational proce dures and assumes that the Da m would fail once the embankment crest level of 79.15 was reached.

I.6. SO MERSET DAM FLOODS

Somerset Dam flood s were esti mated using the rainfalls and runoff rou ting model already discussed. Inflows to Somerset Dam, assuming the dam to be in existence and full, were calculated, as well as flow at the site without the dam in the catchment. The forty-eight hour PMP storm event was found to be critical, though the long duration PMP's produced very large flood volumes. Table I-6 lists results for the forty-eight hour duration storms.

Table I-6Somerset Dam Floods(for two-day storm duration)

| AEP % | Peak Inflow (m ³ /sec) | Peak Outflow (m ³ /sec) | Flood Volume (ML) | Peak Lake Level (m AHD) |
|---------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| 13 | ,500 | 1,700 | 421,000 | 103.5 |
| 0.1 4 | ,500 | 2,600 | 690,000 | 104.5 |
| 0.01 6 | ,800 | 4,700 | 1,042,000 | 107.5 |
| 0.001 9 | ,200 | 6,300 | 1,412,000 | 109.3 |
| PMF | 11,100 * | 7,500 * | 1,694,000 * | 110.3 * |

+ - NB. This duration does NOT give the maximum Peak Inflow for a given AEP * - Overtopped, estimated flow based on no dam failure

Studies conducted by structural engineers indicate that Somerset could withstandovertopping to EL 111.7 mAHD.

I.7 FLOOD CONTROL OPERATION MODEL

Floods in the Brisba ne River catchment above Wivenhoe Dam can originate in either the Stanley River or upper Brisbane River catchment or both. Both of the dams are capable of being operated in a number of ways, each of which will reduce the flow downstream. However, i n order to ac hieve m aximum reduction of fl ooding downstream of Wivenhoe Dam, it was necessary to review the operations at Somerset and Wivenhoe Dams using a flood operations simulation model.

The most recent flood studies have reviewed the basic hydrologic algorithms in the operational m odels u sed in t he earlier study and modified them t o incorporate additional features relating to gate openings and closings. The revised design flood hydrology and operational model algorithms were then used to re-examine the original five possible operational procedures for each of So merset Dam and Wivenhoe Dam, giving twenty-five possible c ombinations t o b e re-considered. The procedures previously de veloped f or Wivenhoe Da m were de signed so that initial re lease

operations did not adversely affect later operations in the event of later rainfall causing the magnitude of the flood to exceed the original estimate.

The pro cedures previously developed were also designed to restrict flooding in the lower catchment to the lowest level of the following categories where practicable:

(i) low level bridges submerged, Fernvale bridge open;

(ii) all bridges except Mt. Crosby Weir and to Fernvale bridges submerged;

(iii) all bridges submerged, no damage to urban areas;

(iv) damage to urban areas due to peak flow from downstream catchment, no releases from Wivenhoe Dam contributing to peak flow;

(v) extensive damage to urban are as due t o combined W ivenhoe D am releases and downstream flo w, Wivenhoe Dam rel ease c omponent o f peak flo w minimum practicable.

The pre vious fl ood studies recommended t hat on e procedure b e selected for the operation a t So merset Dam. Th is procedure had t wo a dvantages over t he other procedures tested. Firstly, it was feasible for all magnitudes of Stanley River floods tested and, secondly, it was the sim plest procedure to carry out. The re-analysis confirmed this conclusion.

The previous flood studies concluded that procedures for Wivenhoe Dam be reduced to four by combining two procedures into one. The resulting four procedures formed a hierarchy and the procedure to be adopted advances to the next procedure as the flood magnitude increases. The re-analysis confirmed this conclusion.

A Real Time Flood Operations Model for Somerset and Wivenhoe has been developed as part of the "Brisbane River and Pine River Flood Studies". This model incorporates the revised operational algorithms.

* Assume no failure of Wivenhoe Dam or Somerset Dam

Revision No: 4

APPENDIX J DRAWINGS

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02

APPENDIX K BRISBANE RIVER CATCHMENT

Doc: FM QD 1.1

Revision No: 4

Date: 17/04/02

| Page iii: [1] Deleted | guppy | 22/05/2002 10:07:00 AM | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|----|
| 1 INTRODUCTIO 1.1 Preface | N | | 1 |
| | of Terms | | |
| 1 | of Manual thority | | |
| | on and Effect | | |
| | ffect | | |
| | ce of Manual | | |
| | for Variations to Manual | | |
| | on of Manual to Use Discretion | | |
| · · · · · · | | | |
| | OF OPERATIONS Operation | | |
| v | signation of Senior Flood Oper | | |
| 2.1.2 Desi | gn ation of Flood Operations l | Engineer | 7 |
| | tions and Experience of Engine | | |
| - | ialifications erience | | |
| - | of Authorities | | |
| | | | |
| | ration Arrangements | | |
| | pilities of the Senior Flood Oper | | |
| | oilities of the Flood Operations le Discretion | | |
| 2.9 Report | | | |
| 10 | | | |
| 3 FL OOD MITIC | GATION OBJECTIVES | | 11 |
| 3.1 General | | | |
| 11 2 2 Starrastarras | Safatry of Dama | | 11 |
| 3.2 Structural 3.2.1 Wiv | Safety of Dams | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | |
| | erset Dam | | |
| 3.3 Extreme | Floods and Closely Spaced Larg | ge Floods | 11 |
| | on of Urban Areas | | |
| 3.5 Disruption 3.6 Provision | | | |
| 3.7 Disruption | of Pumping Pool for Power Sta to Navigation | | |
| • | SIFICATION | | |
| | | | |
| | ITORING AND WARNING SY | | |
| | 1 | | |
| | f Documentation | | |
| 5.4 Key Refer | rence Gauges | ••••• | 16 |
| 5.5 Reference | Gauge Values | | 16 |
| | TIONS | | |
| 6.1 Communica | ations between Staff | | 17 |

| 6.2 Dissemin ation of Information | |
|--|----|
| 6.3 Nature of Information | |
| 6.4 Release of Information to the Public | |
| 7 REVIE W | 10 |
| | |
| 7.1 Introduction | |
| 7.2 Personnel Training | |
| 7.3 Monitoring and Warning System | |
| 7.4 Communications Networks | |
| 7.5 O perational Review | |
| 7.6 Five Yearly Review | |
| 8 WIVENHOE DAM | |
| 8.1 Introduction | |
| 8.2 Initial Action | |
| 8.3 Regulator and Gate Operation Procedures | |
| 8.4 Flood Control Procedures | |
| 8.5 Closing Procedures | |
| 8 | |
| 9 SO MERSET DAM | |
| 9.1 Introduction | |
| 9.2 Initial Action | |
| 9.3 Regulator and Gate Operation Procedures | |
| 9.4 Flood Control Procedure | 26 |
| 10 EMERG ENCY | |
| 10.1 Introduction | |
| 10.2 Overtoppin g of Dams | |
| 10.3 Communication s Failure | |
| 10.4 Wivenhoe Dam Emergency Procedure | |
| 10.5 Somerset Dam Emergency Procedure | |
| 10.6 Equipment Failure | |
| Toro - Tarburont - I and communication and a second | , |