

MANUAL

OF

OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

FOR

FLOOD MITIGATION

AT

NORTH PINE DAM

Revision 5 July 2010



Revision No. Date		Amendment Details		
0	10 December 1986	Original Issue		
1 6 October 1992		Complete revision and re-issue		
2 13 November 1997		Complete revision and re-issue		
3	26 July 2002	Complete revision and re-issue		
4	5 September 2007	Complete revision and re-issue		
5	July 2010	Complete revision and re-issue		



Date: July 2010

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Preface

Given its size and location, it is imperative that North Pine Dam be operated during flood events in accordance with clearly defined procedures to minimise hazard to life and property. This manual outlines these procedures and is an approved Flood Mitigation Manual under Water Supply Act 2008.

The Manual in its current form was developed in 1992 and the basis of this document was a manual written in 1986 covering flood operations at the dam. Four revisions of the Manual have occurred since 1992 to account for updates to the Flood Alert Network and the Real Time Flood Models and to account for institutional and legislative changes.

The primary objectives of the procedures contained in this Manual are essentially the same as those contained in previous Manual versions. These objectives in order of importance are:

- Ensure the structural safety of the dam;
- Minimise disruption to the community in areas downstream of the dam;
- Retain the storage at Full Supply Level at the conclusion of the Flood Event.
- Minimise impacts to riparian flora and fauna during the drain down phase of the Flood Event.

In meeting these objectives, the dam must be operated to account for the potential effects of closely spaced Flood Events. Accordingly, normal procedures require stored floodwaters to be emptied from the dam as quickly as possible while meeting all flood mitigation objectives.

1.2 Meaning of Terms

In this manual, save where a contrary definition appears -

- "Act" means the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008;
- "AEP" means annual exceedance probability, the probability of a specified event being exceeded in any year;
- "Agency" includes a person, a local government and a department of state government within the meaning of the Acts Interpretation Act 1954;
- "AHD" means Australian Height Datum;
- "Chairperson" means the Chairperson of Segwater;



- "Chief Executive" means the Director General of the Department of Environment and Resource Management or nominated delegate;
- "Controlled Document" means a document subject to managerial control over its contents, distribution and storage. It may have legal and contractual implications;
- "Dam" means the dam to which this manual applies, that is North Pine Dam;
- "Dam Supervisor" means the senior on-site officer at North Pine Dam;
- **"Duty Flood Operations Engineer"** means the Senior Flood Operations Engineer or Flood Operations Engineer rostered on duty to be in charge of Flood Operations at the dam;
- "EL" means elevation in metres Australian Height Datum;
- **"Flood Event"** is a situation where the Duty Flood Operations Engineer expects the water level at the dam to exceed the Full Supply Level;
- **"Flood Operations Centre"** means the Centre used by Flood Operations Engineers to manage Flood Events;
- "Flood Operations Engineer" means a person designated to direct flood operations at the dam in accordance with Section 2.4 of this manual;
- "FSL" or "Full Supply Level" means the level of the water surface when the reservoir is at maximum operating level, excluding periods of flood discharge;
- "Gauge" when referred to in (m) means river level referenced to AHD, and when referred to in (m³/s) means flow rate in cubic metres per second;
- "Manual" or "Manual of Operational Procedures for Flood Mitigation at North Pine Dam" means the current version of this manual;
- "Senior Flood Operations Engineer" means a person designated in accordance with Section 2.3 of this manual under whose general direction the procedures in this manual must be carried out;
- "Seqwater" means the Queensland Bulk Water Supply Authority trading as Seqwater.



1.3 Purpose of Manual

The purpose of this manual is to define procedures for the operation of North Pine Dam during flood events. The procedures have been developed on the basis that the structural safety of the dam is paramount within the scope of minimising the downstream impacts associated with releasing flood water from the dam.

1.4 Legal Authority

This manual has been prepared as a Flood Mitigation Manual in accordance with Chapter 4 Part 2 of the Act.

1.5 Application and Effect

The procedures in this manual apply to the operation of North Pine Dam for the purpose of flood mitigation, and operation in accordance with the manual shall give the protection from liability provided by Section 374 of the Act.

1.6 Date of Effect

The procedures in this manual shall have effect on and from the date on which this version of the manual is approved by gazette notice.

The manual shall remain in force for the period of approval as determined by the Chief Executive. This approval may be for a period of up to five years.

Before the approval of the manual expires, Seqwater must review and if necessary update the manual and submit a copy to the chief executive for approval.

1.7 Observance of Manual

This manual contains the operational procedures for North Pine Dam for the purposes of flood mitigation and must be used for the operation of the dams during flood events.

1.8 Provision to Variation of Manual

If Seqwater is of the opinion that this manual should be amended, altered or varied, it must submit for approval as soon as practical, an appropriate request to the Chief Executive, setting out the circumstances and the exact nature of the amendment, alteration or variation sought. The Chief Executive may accept, reject or modify the request prior to approval.



1.9 Distribution of Manual

Seqwater must regard the manual as a Controlled Document and ensure that only controlled manuals are used in the direction of flood mitigation activities. Agencies having copies of controlled hardcopies of the manual are listed in Appendix A. Seqwater must maintain a Register of contact persons for issued controlled hardcopies of the manual and must ensure that each issued document is updated whenever amendments or changes are approved.



2 DIRECTION OF OPERATIONS

2.1 Statutory Operation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, Seqwater is responsible for operating and maintaining the dam in accordance with this manual in order to retain the protection from liability afforded by the Act. Operators, employees, agents, and contractors working for Seqwater must also comply with this manual to obtain the protection of the Act.

2.2 Operational Arrangements

For the purposes of operation of the dam during Flood Events, Seqwater must ensure that:

- Sufficient numbers of suitably qualified personnel are available to operate the dam if a Flood Event occurs.
- The radial gates and outlet valves are maintained in good working order at all times and capable of operating unless the Senior Flood Operations Engineer agrees to them being taken out of service.

Sufficient numbers of suitably qualified personnel are available to operate the Flood Operations Centre if a Flood Event occurs

- A Duty Flood Operations Engineer is on call at all times. The Duty Flood Operations
 Engineer must constantly review weather forecasts and catchment rainfall and must
 declare a Flood Event if the water level at North Pine Dam is expected to exceed Full
 Supply Level as a result of prevailing or predicted weather conditions.
- A Senior Flood Operations Engineer is designated to be in the charge of Flood Operations at all times during a Flood Event.
- Release of water at the dam during Flood Events is carried out under the direction of the Duty Flood Operations Engineer.
- All practical attempts are made to liaise with the Chairperson and the Chief Executive
 if the release of water from the Dams during a Flood Event is likely to endanger life
 or property.

2.3 Designation and Responsibilities of Senior Flood Operations Engineer

Sequater must nominate one or more suitably qualified and experienced persons to undertake the role of Senior Flood Operations Engineer. If approved by the Chief Executive, these persons can be authorised in the Schedule of Authorities (see Section 2.6). When rostered on duty during a Flood Event, the responsibilities of the Senior Flood Engineer are as follows:

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- Set the overall strategy for management of the Flood Event in accordance with the objectives of this manual.
- Provide instructions to site staff to make releases of water from the dam during Flood Events that are in accordance with this manual.
- Apply reasonable discretion in managing a Flood Event as described in Section 2.8.

Seqwater must ensure that an adequate number of Senior Flood Operations Engineers are available to manage all Flood Events.

2.4 Designation and Responsibilities of Flood Operations Engineer

Sequater must nominate one or more suitably qualified and experienced persons to undertake the role of Flood Operations Engineer. If approved by the Chief Executive, these persons can be authorised in the Schedule of Authorities (see Section 2.6). When rostered on duty during a Flood Event, the responsibilities of the Flood Engineer are as follows:

- Direct the operation of the dam during a flood event in accordance with the general strategy determined by the Senior Flood Operations Engineer.
- Follow any direction from the Senior Flood Operations Engineer in relation to applying reasonable discretion in managing a Flood Event as described in Section 2.8.
 Unless otherwise directed, a Flood Operations Engineer is to follow this manual in managing Flood Events and is not to apply reasonable discretion unless directed by the Senior Flood Operations Engineer or the Chief Executive.
- Provide instructions to site staff to make releases of water from the dam during Flood Events that are in accordance with this manual.

Sequater must ensure that an adequate number of Flood Operations Engineers are available to manage all Flood Events. Sequater must also ensure that an adequate number of suitably qualified and experienced persons are available to assist the Flood Operations Engineers during all Floods Events.

2.5 Qualification and Experience of Engineers

Qualifications

All engineers referred to in Sections 2.3 and 2.4 must hold a Certificate of Registration as a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland and must hold appropriate engineering qualifications to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive.

Experience



All engineers referred to in Sections 2.3 and 2.4 must, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive, have:

- 1. Knowledge of design principles related to the structural, geotechnical and hydraulic design of large dams, and
- 2. At least a total of five years of suitable experience and demonstrated expertise in at least two of the following areas:
 - Investigation, design or construction of major dams;
 - Operation and maintenance of major dams;
 - Hydrology with particular reference to flooding, estimation of extreme storms, water management or meteorology;
 - Applied hydrology with particular reference to flood forecasting and/or flood forecasting systems.

2.6 Schedule of Authorities

Sequater must maintain a Schedule of Authorities containing a list of the Senior Flood Operations Engineers and Flood Operations Engineers approved by the Chief Executive to direct flood operations at the dams during floods. A copy of the Schedule of Authorities must be provided to the Chief Executive by 30 September of each year.

Sequater shall nominate suitably qualified and experienced engineers for registration in the Schedule of Authorities as the need arises. Each new nomination must include a validated statement of qualifications and experience as required by the Chief Executive. Sequater must obtain the approval for all nominations from the Chief Executive prior to their inclusion in the Schedule of Authorities.

If, in the event of unforseen and emergency situations, no Senior Flood Operations Engineer or no Flood Operations Engineer is available from the Schedule of Authorities to manage a Flood Event, Seqwater must temporarily appoint a suitable person or persons and immediately seek ratification from the Chief Executive.

2.7 Training

Seqwater must ensure that operational personnel required for flood operations activities receive adequate training in the various activities involved in flood control operation.

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2.8 Reasonable Discretion



If in the opinion of the Senior Flood Operations Engineer, it is necessary to depart from the procedures set out in this manual to meet the flood mitigation objectives set out in Section 3, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer is authorised to adopt such other procedures as considered necessary subject to the following:

- Before exercising discretion under this Section of the manual with respect to flood
 mitigation operations, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer must make a reasonable
 attempt to consult with both the Chairperson and Chief Executive.
- The Chief Executive would normally authorise any departures from the manual.
 However if the Chief Executive cannot be contacted within a reasonable time, departures from the Manual can be authorised by the Chairperson.
- If both the Chairperson and the Chief Executive cannot be contacted within a reasonable time, the Senior Flood Operations Engineer may proceed with the procedures considered necessary and report such action at the earliest opportunity to the Chairperson and Chief Executive.

2.9 Report

Sequater must prepare a report after each Flood Event. The report must contain details of the procedures used, the reasons therefore and other pertinent information. Sequater must forward the report to the Chief Executive within six weeks of the completion of the Flood Event.



3 FLOOD MITIGATION OBJECTIVES

3.1 General

To meet the purpose of the flood operation procedures in this manual, the flood release objectives, listed in descending order of importance, are as follows:

- Ensure the structural safety of the dam;
- Minimise disruption to the community in areas downstream of the dam;
- Retain the storage at Full Supply Level at the conclusion of the Flood Event.
- Minimise impacts to riparian flora and fauna during the drain down phase of the Flood Event.

3.2 Structural Safety of Dam

The structural safety of North Pine Dam must be the first consideration in flood release operations. Failure could have catastrophic consequences due to the magnitude of flood damage that would be caused downstream, and also due to the loss of a water supply source.

The most likely cause of damage is overtopping. North Pine Dam consists of a mass concrete section, and earthen embankment sections. Concrete sections can withstand limited overtopping without damage. Embankment sections on the other hand will washout rapidly if overtopped and cause failure of the dam, resulting in severe flooding downstream. The prevention of overtopping is thus of paramount importance.

The safety of the dam therefore depends primarily on the proper operation of the spillway gates, which are used to control maximum flood levels. Such operation in turn relies on the proper functioning of the mechanical hoist mechanisms and their electric power supply and controls. This equipment is located within the dam structure above full supply level and can become inundated if flood releases are not initiated in a timely manner. The critical levels for the operation of the dam and the consequence of their exceedance are as follows:

Critical Levels for North Pine Dam

Description AHD (m)		Possible Consequence
Full supply level.	39.60	-
Radial Gate Control Gear.	41.66	Electric motors submerged, use of backup systems required to operate radial gates.
Embankment Crest.	43.28	Breach of embankment by erosion



3.3 Extreme Floods and Closely Spaced Large Floods

Techniques for estimating extreme floods show that floods are possible which would overtop the dam. Such an overtopping would most likely result in failure of the dam. Such events however may require several days of intense rainfall to produce the necessary runoff.

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Historical records show that there is a significant probability of two or more flood producing storms occurring in the Pine River system within a short time of each other. Therefore, unless determined otherwise by the Senior Flood Operations Engineer in accordance with Section 2.8, the aim during a Flood Event should be to empty stored floodwaters as quickly as possible while meeting all flood mitigation objectives.

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3.4 Minimise disruption to Downstream Communities

While North Pine Dam provides only limited flood mitigation benefits in terms of retaining flood water above Full Supply Level, flood releases can result in the submergence of bridges and public areas. Accordingly, the operation of the dam should not prolong this inundation unnecessarily.

The gates of the dam should be operated such that outflow should not exceed inflow under most circumstances.

3.5 Retain the Storage at Full Supply Level at the Conclusion of the Flood Event

As North Pine Dam is a primary urban water supply for South East Queensland, it is important that all opportunities to fill the dam are taken. There should be no reason why the dams should not be full following a Flood Event.

3.6 Minimising Impacts to Riparian Flora and Fauna

During the drain down phase, consideration is to be given to minimising the impacts on riparian flora and fauna. In particular, strategies aimed at reducing fish deaths in the vicinity of the dam walls are to be instigated, provided such procedures do not adversely impact on other flood mitigation objectives.



4 FLOOD CLASSIFICATION

For the reference purposes of this manual, four magnitudes of flooding are classified as follows:

1. Minor Flooding

Causes inconvenience. Low-lying areas next to watercourses are inundated which may require the removal of stock and equipment. Minor roads may be closed and low-level bridges submerged.

2. Moderate Flooding

In addition to the impacts experienced during Minor Flooding, the evacuation of some houses may be required. Main traffic routes may be impacted. The area of inundation is substantial in rural areas requiring the removal of stock.

3. Major Flooding

In addition to the impacts experienced during Moderate Flooding, extensive rural areas and/or urban areas are inundated. Properties and towns are likely to be isolated and major traffic routes likely to be closed. Evacuation of people from flood affected areas may be required. The 1974 flood that impacted on the Ipswich and Brisbane areas is classified as a major flood.

4. Extreme Flooding

This causes flooding impacts equal to or in excess of levels previously experienced. In addition to the impacts experienced during Major Floods, the general evacuation of people from significant populated areas is likely to be required.

It should be noted that a flood may not cause the same category of flooding along its entire length and the relevant agencies shall have regard to this when flooding is predicted. The classifications of minor, moderate and major flooding are based on the Bureau of Meteorology Standard Flood Classifications for Australia.



5 FLOOD MONITORING AND FORECASTING SYSTEM

5.1 General

A real time flood monitoring and forecasting system has been established in the dam catchment. This system employs radio telemetry to collect, transmit and receive rainfall and stream flow information. The system consists of 30 field stations that automatically record rainfall and/or river heights at selected locations in the dam catchments. Some of the field stations are owned by Seqwater with the remainder belonging to other agencies.

The rainfall and river height data is transmitted to Seqwater's Flood Operations Centre in real time. Once received in the Flood Operations Centre, the data is processed using a Real Time Flood Model (RTFM) to estimate likely dam inflows and evaluate a range of possible inflow scenarios based on forecast and potential rainfall in the dam catchments. The RTFM is a suite of hydrologic and hydraulic computer programs that utilise the real time data to assist in the operation of the dams during flood events. Seqwater is responsible for providing and maintaining the RTFM and for ensuring that sufficient data is available to allow proper operation of the RTFM during a Flood Event.

5.2 Operation

The Senior Flood Operations and Flood Operations Engineers use the RTFM for flood monitoring and forecasting during flood events to operate the dams in accordance with this manual. This is done by optimising releases of water from the dams to minimise the impacts of flooding in accordance with the objectives and procedures contained in this manual.

Sequater is responsible for improving the operation of the RTFM over time by using the following processes:

- Implementing improvements based on Flood Event audits and reviews.
- Improving RTFM calibration as further data becomes available.
- Updating software in line with modern day standards.
- Improving the coverage and reliability of the data collection network to optimise data availability during Flood Events.
- Recommendations by Senior Flood Operations Engineers.

A regular process of internal audit and management review must be maintained by Seqwater to achieve these improvements.

Sequater must also maintain a log of the performance of the data collection network. The log must include all revised field calibrations and changes to the number, type and locations of gauges. Senior Flood Operations and Flood Operations Engineers are to be notified of all significant changes to the Log.



Sequater must also maintain a log of the performance of the RTFM. Any faults to the computer hardware or software are to be noted and promptly and appropriately attend to.

5.3 Storage of Documentation

The performance of any flood monitoring and forecasting system is reliant on accurate historical data over a long period of time. Seqwater must ensure that all available data and other documentation is appropriately collected and catalogued for future use.

5.4 Key Reference Gauges

The key field station locations listed in Appendix B have been identified for reference purposes when flood information is exchanged between authorities or given to the public. Should it be deemed desirable to relocate field stations from these locations or vary flood classification levels, agreement must first be obtained between Seqwater, Bureau of Meteorology and the Local Government within whose boundaries the locations are situated.

Gauge boards that can be read manually must be maintained by Seqwater as part of the equipment of each key field station. Where possible and practical during Flood events, Seqwater is to have procedures in place for manual reading of these gauge boards in the event of failure of field stations.

5.5 Reference Gauge Values

Other agencies such as the Bureau of Meteorology, the Moreton Bay Regional Council and the Brisbane City Council have direct access to the information from field stations for flood assessment purposes. The consultation between agencies is a very important part of the assessment and prediction of flood flows and heights.

Seqwater must ensure that information relevant to the calibration of its field stations is shared with these agencies.

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6 COMMUNICATIONS

6.1 Communications between Staff

Sequater is responsible for providing and maintaining equipment to allow adequate channels of communication to exist at all times between the Sequater Flood Operations Centre and site staff at North Pine Dam.

6.2 Dissemination of Information

Agencies other than Seqwater have responsibilities for formal flood predictions, the interpretation of flood information and advice to the public associated with Flood Events. Adequate and timely information is to be supplied to agencies responsible for the operation of facilities affected by flooding and for providing warnings and information to the public. Agency information requirements are generally as shown in the table below.

The Senior Flood Operations and Flood Operations Engineers must supply information to each of these agencies during Flood Events. The contact information for these Agencies and communication procedures is contained in the Emergency Action Plans for the dam and each agency is to receive updated controlled copies of these documents.

Seqwater must liaise and consult with these agencies with a view to ensuring all information relative to the flood event is consistent and used in accordance with agreed responsibilities.

AGENCY INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

Agency	Activity	Information Required from Flood Operations Centre	Trigger
Bureau of Meteorology	Issue of flood warnings	Actual and predicted lake levels and discharges	Initial gate operations and thereafter at intervals to suit forecasting requirements
Department of Environment and Resource Management	Review of flood operations and discretionary powers	Actual and predicted lake levels and discharges	Initial gate operations
Moreton Bay Regional Council	Flood level information downstream of North Pine Dam	Actual and predicted lake levels and discharges	Initial gate operations
Brisbane City Council	Flood level information for Brisbane City area	Nil (information obtained from BOM)	



6.3 Release of Information to the Public

Seqwater is responsible for the issue of information regarding storage conditions and current and proposed releases from the dam to the public and the media.

The Bureau of Meteorology has responsibility for issuing flood warnings.

The Emergency Services Response Authorities, under the Disaster Management Act 2003, have responsibility for the preparation of a local counter disaster plan and the interpretation of flood forecast information for inclusion in their local flood warnings prepared under the flood sub plan of the counter disaster plan.



7 REVIEW

7.1 Introduction

With the passage of time, either the technical assumptions or the physical conditions on which this manual is based may change. It is also recognised that the relevance of the manual may change with changing circumstances. It is important therefore, that the manual contain operational procedures which cause the assumptions and conditions upon which they are based, to be checked and reviewed regularly.

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This process must involve all personnel involved in the management of Flood Events, to ensure that changes of personnel do not result in a diminished understanding of the basic principles upon which the operational procedures are based. Variations to the manual may be made in accordance with provisions in Section 1.8.

7.2 Personal Training

Seqwater must report to the Chief Executive by 30 September each year on the training and state of preparedness of operations personnel.

7.3 Monitoring and Forecasting System and Communication Networks

Sequater must provide a report to the Chief Executive by 30 September each year on the state of the Flood Monitoring and Forecasting System and Communication Networks. The report must assess the following in terms of hardware, software and personnel:

- Adequacy of the communication and data gathering facilities
- Reliability of the system over the previous period
- Reliability of the system under prolonged flood conditions
- Accuracy of forecasting flood flows and heights
- The overall state of preparedness of the system

Seqwater must take any action considered necessary for the proper functioning and improvement of this system.

7.4 Operational Review

After each significant flood event, Seqwater must report to the Chief Executive on the effectiveness of the operational procedures contained in this manual. This report must be submitted within six weeks of any flood event that requires mobilisation of the Flood Operations Centre.



7.5 Five Yearly Review

Prior to the expiry of the approval period, Seqwater must review the manual pursuant to provisions of the Act. The review is to take into account the continued suitability of the communication network and the flood monitoring and forecasting system, as well as hydrological and hydraulic engineering assessments of the operational procedures.



8 FLOOD RELEASE OPERATION

8.1 Introduction

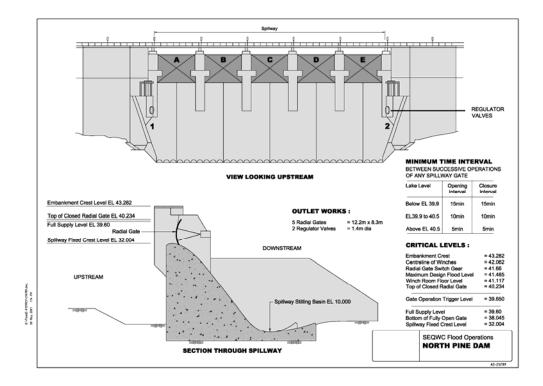
North Pine dam is a water supply dam with only a small flood storage compartment above full supply level. It effectively has no significant provision for flood mitigation and once the dam is full, floods will pass through the reservoir with little mitigation. Significant inflow may occur approximately two to four hours after the commencement of heavy rain.

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8.2 Flood Release Infrastructure

Radial Gates are the primary infrastructure used to release water during flood events at North Pine Dam. The arrangement of the Radial Gates is shown in the diagram below:



8.3 Initial Action

Once a Flood Event is declared, an assessment is to be made of the magnitude of the Flood Event, including:

• A prediction of the maximum storage levels in the dam.



• A prediction of the peak outflow rate from the dam.

Releases from the radial gates should not commence until the lake level exceeds FSL by 50 millimetres (39.65 m AHD).

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Prior to releases from the radial gates commencing the Flood Operations Engineer must ensure that the Grant Street causeway is closed and the Moreton Bay Regional Council has been advised of the impact of the proposed flood releases on Youngs Crossing.

8.4 Flood Operations Strategies

The flood release objectives for North Pine Dam, listed in descending order of importance, are as follows:

- Ensure the structural safety of the dam;
- Minimise disruption to the community in areas downstream of the dam;
- Retain the storage at Full Supply Level at the conclusion of the Flood Event.
- Minimise impacts to riparian flora and fauna during the drain down phase of the Flood Event.

North Pine Dam effectively has no significant provision for flood mitigation and once the dam is full ensuring the structural safety of the dam is paramount. Accordingly the flood operation strategy is to pass any significant flood through the reservoir, while ensuring that peak outflow generally does not exceed peak inflow while aiming to empty stored floodwaters as quickly as possible. To achieve this strategy, the radial gate opening settings shown in Appendix C are normally used to determine flood releases.

Early releases in small events are permissible to minimise downstream disruption.

Departures from the tables shown in Appendix C are allowed in the following circumstances:

- <u>Subject to the provisions of section 2.8 pre-release of water is allowed to reduce the risk of dam overtopping.</u>
- Reduction in release rate is allowed once the flood peak has passed to either minimise disruption to the community in areas downstream of the dam or to minimise impacts to riparian flora and fauna.
- At the end of a flood event, additional gate openings may be used to reduce the duration of gate operation and resulting adverse downstream impacts.

During the initial opening or final closure sequences of gate operations it is permissible to replace the discharge through a gate by the immediate opening of a regulator valve (or the reverse operation). This allows for greater control of low flows.

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8.5 Gate Closing Strategies

In general, gate closing commences when the level in North Pine Dam begins to fall and the closing sequence is generally to occur in the reverse order to opening. The following requirements must be considered when determining gate closure sequences:

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- Where possible, total releases during closure should not produce greater flood levels downstream than occurred during the flood event.
- The maximum discharge from the dam during closure should generally be less than the peak inflow into North Pine Dam experienced during the event.
- The aim should always be to empty stored floodwaters stored above EL 39.65m as quickly as possible after the flood peak has passed through the dam. However, provided a favourable weather outlook is available, this requirement can be relaxed for the volume between EL 39.65m and EL 39.75m, to minimise downstream impacts.
- To minimise the stranding of fish downstream of the dam, final closure sequences should consider Sequences relating to fish protection at the dam.

There may be a need to take into account base flow when determining final gate closure. This may mean that the lake level temporarily falls below Full Supply Level to provide for a full dam at the end of the Flood Event.

The regulators may be substituted for gate operations to manage water levels and discharges during small inflows such as during the recession of a Flood Event.

8.6 Gate Operation Sequences

Rapid opening of the radial gates at North Pine dam can cause undesirable rapid rises in downstream river levels. Accordingly, the aim in opening radial gates is to operate the gates one at a time at intervals that will minimise adverse impacts on the river system. The table below shows the target minimum interval for gate operations. This target interval can be reduced if the gates are at risk of being overtopped or the safety of the dam is at risk and operations are generally not allowed to fall more than three openings behind the gate opening settings contained in Appendix C.

TARGET MINIMUM INTERVALS FOR RADIAL GATE OPENING

Lake Level	Opening Interval	Closing Interval		
Below EL 39.9m	15 min	15 min		
EL 39.9m to 40.5m	10 min	10 min		
Above EL 40.5m	5 min	5 min		

Comment [r1]: Is this level 39.65 or 39.6? We believe it should be 39.6

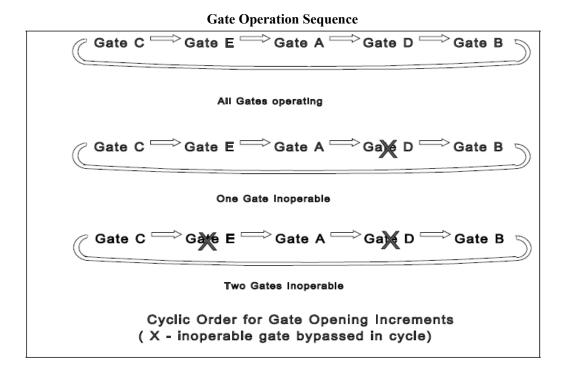
Comment [r2]: As per previous comment



Rapid closure of radial gates is also permissible when there is a requirement to preserve storage or to reduce downstream flooding. When determining gate closure sequences, consideration should also be given to following the calculated natural recession of the flood in the river to aim to ensure that the recession impacts are not greater than those that would have been experienced had the dam not been constructed.

8.7 Protection of the Spillway

To minimise potential damage to the dissipater and the river-bed and banks downstream, the gates must be opened incrementally in accordance with the cyclic sequences shown below.



8.8 Gate Failure or Malfunction Procedures

Where one or more gates are inoperable, the sequencing outlined in section 8.7 (above) still applies, except that the inoperable gates must be ignored in the cycle and their increments passed on to the next gate in the sequence. The cumulative number of increments taken by all gates at any particular lake level thus remains unaltered save that the total number of available gate increments has been reduced by inoperable gates. Appendix C contains tables of gate position settings against lake levels for the situations where all gates are operating and where one gate is inoperable.



8.9 Radial Gate Turbulence Considerations

Unless in the process of lifting the gates clear of the flow, the bottom edge of the radial gates must always be at least 500 millimetres below the release flow surface. Having the bottom edge of the gates closer to the release flow surface than 500 millimetres may cause unusual turbulence that could adversely impact on the gates. This procedure has never been undertaken in practice and should be observed closely when being undertaken. Variations to the procedure are allowed to protect the structural safety of the dam.

This circumstance is unlikely to occur except under a rare set of conditions.

8.10 Lowering Radial Gates that have been lifted Clear of the Release Flow

When lowering radial gates that have been lifted clear of the release flow, the bottom edge of the gates must be lowered at least 500 millimetres into the flow. Lowering gates into the release flow less than this amount may cause unusual turbulence that could adversely impact on the gates. This procedure has never been undertaken in practice and should be observed closely when being undertaken. Variations to the procedure are allowed to protect the structural safety of the dam.

This circumstance is unlikely to occur except under a rare set of conditions.



9 EMERGENCY

9.1 Introduction

While every care has been exercised in the design and construction of the dam, there still remains a low risk that the dam may develop an emergency condition either through flood events or other causes. Experience elsewhere in the world suggests that vigilance is required to recognise emergency flood conditions such as:

- Occurrence of a much larger flood than discharge capacity of the dam;
- Occurrence of a series of large storms in a short period;
- Failure of one or more gates during a flood;
- Development of a piping failure through the embankment;
- Damage to the dam by earthquake;
- Damage to the dam as an act of war or terrorism; and
- Other rare mechanisms.

Responses to these and other conditions are included in the North Pine Dam - Emergency Action Plan.

9.2 Overtopping of Dam

Whatever the circumstances, every endeavour must be made to prevent overtopping of North Pine Dam by the progressive opening of operative spillway gates. Overtopping of the dam is likely to result in a dam failure.

Overtopping may result from inundation the radial gate control equipment and subsequent loss of gate control. Gate openings should be such to ensure this does not occur.

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9.3 Communications Failure

If communications are lost between the Flood Operations Centre and the dam, the officers in charge at the dam are to adopt the procedures set out below. The Dam Supervisor at North Pine Dam is to assume responsibility for flood releases from the Dam. Once it has been established that communications have been lost, the Dam Supervisor at North Pine Dam is to:-

- Take a ll practicable measures to restore communications and periodically check the lines of communication for any change;
- Follow the procedures set out below to determine the relevant magnitude and duration of releases from North Pine Dam;
- Log all actions in the Event Log;



- Ensure the dam is at full supply level at the end of the event;
- Remain in the general vicinity of the dam while on duty.

The radial gate opening and closing sequence to be used is as set out in Appendix C. The table below shows the target minimum interval for gate operations. This target interval can be reduced if the gates are at risk of being overtopped or the safety of the dam is at risk and operations are not allowed to fall more than three openings behind the gate opening settings contained in Appendix C.

TARGET MINIMUM INTERVALS FOR RADIAL GATE OPENING UNDER LOSS OF COMMUNICATIONS

Lake Level	Opening Interval	Closing Interval		
Below EL 39.9m	15 min	15 min		
EL 39.9m to 40.5m	10 min	10 min		
Above EL 40.5m	5 min	5 min		

In the event of one or more radial gates becoming jammed, the remaining gates are to be operated to provide the same total opening for a particular storage level, as shown Appendix C. In these circumstances, gates are generally operated in the order of C, E, A, D, B moving through the sequence shown in the tables.

In a loss of communication scenario, the bulkhead gate is not to be used. At the end of the event, the full supply level of the storage is to be achieved.



APPENDIX A AGENCIES HOLDING CONTROLLED COPIES OF THIS MANUAL

Agency	Responsible Person	Location
Seqwater	Dam Safety and Source Operations Manager	Brisbane
Seqwater	Principal Engineer Dam Safety	Ipswich
Seqwater	Storage Supervisor	North Pine Dam
Seqwater Op	erations Coordinator	North Coast
Seqwater	Senior Flood Operations Engineer	Flood Operations Centre, Brisbane
Department of Environment and Resource Management	Director Dam Safety	Brisbane
Department of Community Safety	Duty Officer – Disaster Management Service	Brisbane
Moreton Bay Regional Council	Local Disaster Response Coordinator	Caboolture
Brisbane City Council	Local Disaster Response Coordinator	Brisbane
Emergency Management Queensland	Regional Director, Brisbane District	Brisbane



APPENDIX B KEY REFERENCE GAUGES

Moreton Bay Regional Council

Cauga	Flood Classification						
Gauge	Minor	Moderate	Major	1974 Flood			
Grant Street,	Any release						
Whiteside	from dam			-			
Youngs	8-10m ³ /s						
Crossing	8-10III /S						
Railway Bridge,							
Wyllie Park,	4.0m	5.0m 6.	0m 5.1	m			
Petrie							
Railway Bridge,							
South Pine	- 3.	5m	6.0m	5.18m			
River,	- 3.	3111	0.0111	3.10111			
Bald Hills							

Note: Heights are in metres AHD



APPENDIX C GATE & VALVE SETTINGS

Discharge from North Pine Dam may be controlled by:

- Five radial gates
- Two regulator valves, and/or;
- A low level river release valve with a daily capacity of about 85 ML/d.

RADIAL GATE SETTINGS

Gate Setting Gate		Top of Gate	Gate Setting	Gate	Top of Gate
	Opening (m)			Opening (m)	(EL)
1	0.152	40.362	13	3.810	41.885
2	0.457	40.547	14	4.115	41.940
3	0.762	40.720	15	4.420	41.984
4	1.067	40.886	16	4.724	42.016
5	1.372	41.041	17	5.029	42.037
6	1.676	41.185	18	5.334	42.047
7	1.981	41.316	19	5.639	42.047
8	2.286	41.349	20	5.944	42.047
9	2.591	41.549	21	6.248	42.047
10	2.896	41.650	22	6.553	42.047
11	3.200	41.740	23 <u>*</u>	6.858	42.047
12	3.505	41.817			

* Gate should be fully open

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RADIAL GATE SETTINGS

All Gates Operational								
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated
39.600	closed	closed c	losed c	losed	closed	0	0	-
39.650 clo	sed	closed	1	closed	closed	1	16	С
39.700 clo	sed	closed	1	closed	1	2	32	E
39.715 1		closed	1	closed	1	3	48	Α
39.730 1		closed	1	1	1	4	64	D
39.745	1111				1	5	80	В
39.760	1121				1	6	104	С
39.775	1121				2	7	129	Е
39.790	2121				2	8	153	Α
39.805	2122				2	9	177	D
39.820	2222				2	10	201	В
39.835	2232				2	11	228	С
39.850	2232				3	12	254	E
39.865	3232				3	13	281	Α
39.880	3233				3	14	307	D
39.895	3 3 3 3				3	15	334	В
39.910	3 3 4 3				3	16	362	С
39.925	3 3 4 3				4	17	390	E
39.940	4 3 4 3				4	18	417	Α
39.955	4 3 4 4				4	19	445	D
39.970	4 4 4 4				4	20	473	В
39.985	4454				4	21	500	С
40.000	4454				5	22	527	Е
40.015	5454				5	23	554	Α
40.030	5455				5	24	581	D
40.045	5555				5	25	608	В
40.060	5565				5	26	636	С
40.075	5565				6	27	664	E
40.090	6565				6	28	692	Α
40.105	6566				6	29	720	D
40.120	6666				6	30	748	В
40.135	6676				6	31	776	С
40.150	6676				7	32	804	Е
40.165	7676				7	33	832	Α
40.180	7677				7	34	860	D
40.195	7777				7	35	888	В
40.210	7787				7	36	916	С
40.225	7787				8	37	943	E
40.240	8787				8	38	970	Α
40.255	8788				8	39	998	D
40.270	8888				8	40	1025	В
40.285	8898				8	41	1052	С
40.300	8898				9	42	1079	Е
40.315	9898				9	43	1106	Α
40.330	9899				9	44	1133	D
40.345	9999				9	45	1160	В



	All Gates Operational							
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated
40.360 9		9	10	9	9	46	1187	С
40.375 9		9	10	9	10	47	1213	E
40.390 10		9	10	9	10	48	1240	A
40.405 10		9	10	10	10	49	1266	D
40.420	10	10 10	10		10	50	1293	В
40.435	10	10 11	10		10	51	1320	C
40.450	10	10 11	10		11	52	1347	E
40.465	11	10 11	10		11	53	1374	A
40.480	11	10 11	11		11	54	1401	D
40.495	11	11 11	11		11	55	1428	В
40.510	11	11 12	11		11	56	1455	C
40.525	11	11 12	11		12	57	1482	E
40.540	12	11 12	11		12	58	1510	A
40.555	12	11 12	12		12	59	1510	D
40.533	12	12 12	12		12	60	1564	В
40.585	12	12 12	12		12	61	1593	С
40.600	12	12 13	12		13	62	1621	E
40.600	13	12 13	12		13	63	1650	A
40.630	13	12 13	13		13	64	1678	D
40.645	13	13 13	13		13	65	1707	В
40.660	13	13 14	13		13	66	1736	С
40.675	13	13 14	13		14	67	1765	E
40.690	14	13 14	13		14	68	1794	Α
40.705	14	13 14	14		14	69	1823	D
40.720	14	14 14	14		14	70	1852	В
40.735	14	14 15	14		14	71	1883	С
40.750	14	14 15	14		15	72	1914	Е
40.765	15	14 15	14		15	73	1946	Α
40.780	15	14 15	15		15	74	1978	D
40.795	15	15 15	15		15	75	2009	В
40.810	15	15 16	15		15	76	2044	С
40.825	15	15 16	15		16	77	2079	Е
40.840	16	15 16	15		16	78	2114	А
40.855	16	15 16	16		16	79	2148	D
40.870	16	16 16	16		16	80	2183	В
40.885	16	16 17	16		16	81	2222	С
40.900	16	16 17	16		17	82	2260	E
40.915	17	16 17	16		17	83	2299	Α
40.930	17	16 17	17		17	84	2337	D
40.945	17	17 17	17		17	85	2376	В
40.960	17	17 18	17		17	86	2415	С
40.975	17	17 18	17		18	87	2453	Е
40.990	18	17 18	17		18	88	2491	Α
41.005	18	17 18	18		18	89	2530	D
41.020	18	18 18	18		18	90	2568	В
41.035	18	18 19	18		18	91	2601	С
41.050	18	18 19	18		19	92	2635	Е



All Gates Operational									
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gates Operated	
41.065	19	18 19	18		19	93	2668	Α	
41.080	19	18 19	19		19	94	2701	D	
41.095	19	19 19	19		19	95	2734	В	
41.110	19	19 20	19		19	96	2773	С	
41.125	19	19 20	19		20	97	2806	E	
41.140	20	19 20	19		20	98	2842	Α	
41.155	20	19 20	20		20	99	2878	D	
41.170	20	20 20	20		20	100	2913	В	
41.185	20	20 21	20		20	101	3026	С	
41.200	20	20 21	20		21	102	3142	E	
41.215	21	20 21	20		21	103	3260	Α	
41.230	21	20 21	21		21	104	3382	D	
41.245	21	21 21	21		21	105	3506	В	
41.260	21	21 22	21		21	106	3515	С	
41.275	21	21 22	21		22	107	3524	E	
41.290	22	21 22	21		22	108	3532	Α	
41.305	22	21 22	22		22	109	3541	D	
41.320	22	22 22	22		22	110	3550	В	
41.335	22	22 23	22		22	111	3559	С	
41.350	22	22 23	22		23	112	3567	E	
41.365	23	22 23	22		23	113	3576	Α	
41.380	23	22 23	23		23	114	3585	D	
41.395	23	23 23	23		23	115	3594	В	



Gate A Stuck or Inoperable									
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated	
39.600	closed clo	sed closed c	losed closed			0	0	-	
39.650	closed clo	sed	1	closed clo	sed	1	16	С	
39.700 clos	ed	closed	1	closed	1	2	32	Е	
39.715	closed	closed	111			3	48	D	
39.730	closed	1	111			4	64	В	
39.745	closed	1	211			5	88	С	
39.760	closed	1	212			6	112	Е	
39.775	closed	1	222			7	137	D	
39.790	closed	2	222			8	161	В	
39.805	closed	2	322			9	187	С	
39.820	closed	2	323			10	213	Е	
39.835	closed	2	3 3 3			11	240	D	
39.850	closed	3	333			12	266	В	
39.865	closed	3	433			13	294	С	
39.880	closed	3	4 3 4			14	322	Е	
39.895	closed	3	444			15	349	D	
39.910	closed	4	444			16	377	В	
39.925	closed	4	5 4 4			17	404	С	
39.940	closed	4	5 4 5			18	430	Е	
39.955	closed	4	555			19	457	D	
39.970	closed	5	555			20	484	В	
39.985	closed	5	655			21	512	С	
40.000	closed	5	656			22	539	Е	
40.015	closed	5	666			23	567	D	
40.030	closed	6	666			24	595	В	
40.045	closed	6	766			25	623	С	
40.060	closed	6	767			26	650	Е	
40.075	closed	6	777			27	678	D	
40.090	closed	7	777			28	706	В	
40.105	closed	7	877			29	732	С	
40.120	closed	7	878			30	759	Е	
40.135	closed	7	888			31	786	D	
40.150	closed	8	888			32	812	В	
40.165	closed	8	988			33	839	С	
40.180	closed	8	989			34	866	E	
40.195	closed	8	999			35	893	D	
40.210	closed	9	999			36	920	В	
40.225 clos	ed	9	10	9	9	37	946	С	
40.240	closed	9 10		9 10		38	972	Е	
40.255	closed	9	10 10 1)		39	998	D	
40.270	closed	10 10 1				40	1024	В	
40.285	closed	10 11 1				41	1050	С	
40.300	closed	10 11 1				42	1077	E	
40.315	closed	10 11 1				43	1103	D	
40.330	closed	11 11 1				44	1130	В	
40.345	closed	11 12 1	1 11			45	1156	С	



Gate A Stuck or Inoperable									
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated	
40.360	closed	11 12 1	l 12			46	1183	E	
40.375	closed	11 12 12	2 12			47	1210	D	
40.390	closed	12 12 12	2 12			48	1237	В	
40.405	closed	12 13 12	2 12			49	1264	С	
40.420	closed	12 13 12	2 13			50	1292	E	
40.435	closed	12 13 13	3 13			51	1320	D	
40.450	closed	13 13 13	3 13			52	1348	В	
40.465	closed	13 14 13	3 13			53	1377	С	
40.480	closed	13 14 13	3 14			54	1405	Е	
40.495	closed	13 14 14	1 14			55	1433	D	
40.510	closed	14 14 14	1 14			56	1462	В	
40.525	closed	14 15 14	1 14			57	1492	С	
40.540	closed	14 15 14	1 15			58	1523	Е	
40.555	closed	14 15 15	5 15			59	1554	D	
40.570	closed	15 15 15	5 15			60	1585	В	
40.585	closed	15 16 15	5 15			61	1619	С	
40.600	closed	15 16 15	5 16			62	1653	Е	
40.615	closed	15 16 16	6 16			63	1687	D	
40.630	closed	16 16 16	6 16			64	1721	В	
40.645	closed	16 17 16	6 16			65	1759	С	
40.660	closed	16 17 16	3 17			66	1797	Е	
40.675	closed	16 17 17	7 17			67	1834	D	
40.690	closed	17 17 17	7 17			68	1872	В	
40.705	closed	17 18 17	7 17			69	1911	С	
40.720	closed	17 18 17	7 18			70	1949	Е	
40.735	closed	17 18 18	3 18			71	1988	D	
40.750	closed	18 18 18	3 18			72	2026	В	
40.765	closed	18 19 18	3 18			73	2060	С	
40.780	closed	18 19 18	3 19			74	2094	E	
40.795	closed	18 19 1	9 19			75	2127	D	
40.810	closed	19 19 19	9 19			76	2161	В	
40.825	closed	19 20 1	9 19			77	2277	С	
40.840	closed	19 20 19	9 20			78	2395	Е	
40.855	closed	19 20 20	20			79	2516	D	
40.870	closed	20 20 20	20			80	2639	В	
40.885	closed	20 21 20	20			81	2645	С	
40.900	closed	20 21 20	21			82	2650	E	
40.915	closed	20 21 2	1 21			83	2655	D	
40.930	closed	21 21 21	l 21			84	2660	В	
40.945	closed	21 22 21	1 21			85	2667	С	
40.960	closed	21 22 21	1 22			86	2674	Е	
40.975	closed	21 22 22	2 22			87	2680	D	
40.990	closed	22 22 22	2 22			88	2687	В	
41.005	closed	22 23 22	2 22			89	2694	С	
41.020	closed	22 23 22	2 23			90	2701	Е	
41.035	closed	22 23 23	3 23			91	2708	D	
41.050	closed	23 23 23	3 23			92	2715	В	



	Gate A Stuck or Inoperable											
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated				
41.065	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2722	-				
41.080	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2729	-				
41.095	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2736	-				
41.110	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2742	-				
41.125	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2749	-				
41.140	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2756 -					
41.155	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2763 -					
41.170	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2770 -					
41.185	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2777 -					
41.200	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2784 -					
41.215	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2791 -					
41.230	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2798 -					
41.245	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2805 -					
41.260	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2812 -					
41.275	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2819 -					
41.290	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2826 -					
41.305	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2833 -					
41.320	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2840 -					
41.335	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2847 -					
41.350	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2854 -					
41.365	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2861 -					
41.380	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2868 -					
41.395	closed	23 23 2	3 23			92	2875	-				



	Gate B Stuck or Inoperable											
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated				
39.600	closed clo	sed closed o	losed		closed	0	0	-				
39.650 clo		closed	1	closed	closed	1	16	С				
39.700	closed	closed 1	•	closed 1	0.0000	2	32	E				
39.715	1 close		1 close		1	3	48	A				
39.730	1	closed	111		-	4	64	D				
39.745	1	closed	211			5	88	С				
39.760	1	closed	212			6	112	Е				
39.775	2	closed	212			7	137	Α				
39.790	2	closed	222			8	161	D				
39.805	2	closed	322			9	187	С				
39.820	2	closed	323			10	213	Е				
39.835	3	closed	323			11	240	Α				
39.850	3	closed	3 3 3			12	266	D				
39.865	3	closed	433			13	294	С				
39.880	3	closed	4 3 4			14	322	Е				
39.895	4	closed	4 3 4			15	349	Α				
39.910	4	closed	444			16	377	D				
39.925	4	closed	5 4 4			17	404	С				
39.940	4	closed	5 4 5			18	430	Е				
39.955	5	closed	5 4 5			19	457	Α				
39.970	5	closed	555			20	484	D				
39.985	5	closed	655			21	512	С				
40.000	5	closed	656			22	539	Е				
40.015	6	closed	656			23	567	Α				
40.030	6	closed	666			24	595	D				
40.045	6	closed	766			25	623	С				
40.060	6	closed	767			26	650	Е				
40.075	7	closed	767			27	678	Α				
40.090	7	closed	777			28	706	D				
40.105	7	closed	877			29	732	С				
40.120	7	closed	878			30	759	Е				
40.135	8	closed	878			31	786	Α				
40.150	8	closed	888			32	812	D				
40.165	8	closed	988			33	839	С				
40.180	8	closed	989			34	866	E				
40.195	9	closed	989			35	893	Α				
40.210	9	closed	999			36	920	D				
40.225 9		closed	10	9	9	37	946	С				
40.240 9		closed	10	9	10	38	972	E				
40.255	10 closed 10			9	10	39	998	Α				
40.270	10 close			10	10	40	1024	D				
40.285	10 close			10	10	41	1050	С				
40.300	10 close			10	11	42	1077	E				
40.315	11 close			10	11	43	1103	Α				
40.330	11 close			11	11	44	1130	D				
40.345	11 close	ed 12		11	11	45	1156	С				



Gate B Stuck or Inoperable											
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated			
40.360	11 close	ed 12		11	12	46	1183	E			
40.375	12 close			11	12	47	1210	А			
40.390	12 close			12	12	48	1237	D			
40.405	12 close			12	12	49	1264	С			
40.420	12 close			12	13	50	1292	Е			
40.435	13 close			12	13	51	1320	Α			
40.450	13 close			13	13	52	1348	D			
40.465	13 close			13	13	53	1377	С			
40.480	13 close			13	14	54	1405	E			
40.495	14 close			13	14	55	1433	Α			
40.510	14 close			14	14	56	1462	D			
40.525	14 close			14	14	57	1492	C			
40.540	14 close			14	15	58	1523	E			
40.555	15 close			14	15	59	1554	A			
40.570	15 close			15	15	60	1585	D			
40.585	15 close			15	15	61	1619	C			
40.600	15 close			15	16	62	1653	E			
40.615	16 close			15	16	63	1687	A			
40.630	16 close			16	16	64	1721	D			
40.645	16 close			16	16	65	1759	С			
40.660	16 close			16	17	66	1797	E			
40.675	17 close			16	17	67	1834	A			
40.675	17 close			17	17	68	1872	D			
40.690	17 close			17	17	69	1911	С			
40.705				17	18	70	1911	E			
	17 close										
40.735	18 close			17	18	71	1988	A			
40.750	18 close			18	18	72	2026	D C			
40.765	18 close			18	18	73	2060				
40.780	18 close			18	19	74	2094	E			
40.795	19 close			18	19	75	2127	A			
40.810	19 close			19	19	76	2161	D			
40.825	19 close			19	19	77	2277	С			
40.840	19 close			19	20	78	2395	E			
40.855	20 close			19	20	79	2516	A			
40.870	20 close			20	20	80	2639	D			
40.885	20 close			20	20	81	2645	С			
40.900	20 close			20	21	82	2650	E			
40.915	21 close			20	21	83	2655	A			
40.930	21 close			21	21	84	2660	D			
40.945	21 close			21	21	85	2667	С			
40.960	21 close			21	22	86	2674	E			
40.975	22 close			21	22	87	2680	A			
40.990	22 close			22	22	88	2687	D			
41.005	22 close			22	22	89	2694	С			
41.020	22 close			22	23	90	2701	Е			
41.035	23 close			22	23	91	2708	Α			
41.050	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2715	D			



	Gate B Stuck or Inoperable										
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gates Operated			
41.065	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2722	-			
41.080	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2729 -				
41.095	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2736 -				
41.110	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2742 -				
41.125	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2749 -				
41.140	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2756 -				
41.155	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2763 -				
41.170	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2770 -				
41.185	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2777 -				
41.200	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2784 -				
41.215	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2791 -				
41.230	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2798 -				
41.245	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2805 -				
41.260	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2812 -				
41.275	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2819 -				
41.290	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2826 -				
41.305	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2833 -				
41.320	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2840 -				
41.335	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2847 -				
41.350	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2854 -				
41.365	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2861 -				
41.380	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2868 -				
41.395	23 close	ed 23		23	23	92	2875	-			



	Gate C Stuck or Inoperable										
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated			
39.600	closed c	losed c	losed c	losed	closed	0	0	-			
39.650	closed c	losed c	losed c	losed	1	1	16	Е			
39.700	1	closed c	losed c	losed	1	2	32	A			
39.715 1		closed	closed	1	1	3	48	D			
39.730	11		closed	11		4	64	В			
39.745	11		closed	12		5	88	E			
39.760	21		closed	12		6	112	Α			
39.775	21		closed	2 2		7	137	D			
39.790	22		closed	2 2		8	161	В			
39.805	22		closed	2 3		9	187	E			
39.820	32		closed	23		10	213	Α			
39.835	3 2		closed	3 3		11	240	D			
39.850	33		closed	3 3		12	266	В			
39.865	3 3		closed	3 4		13	294	E			
39.880	4 3		closed	3 4		14	322	Α			
39.895	4 3		closed	4 4		15	349	D			
39.910	4 4		closed	4 4		16	377	В			
39.925	4 4		closed	4 5		17	404	Е			
39.940	5 4		closed	4 5		18	430	Α			
39.955	5 4		closed	5 5		19	457	D			
39.970	5 5		closed	5 5		20	484	В			
39.985	5 5		closed	5 6		21	512	Е			
40.000	6 5		closed	5 6		22	539	Α			
40.015	6.5		closed	6 6		23	567	D			
40.030	66		closed	6 6		24	595	В			
40.045	66		closed	6 7		25	623	Е			
40.060	76		closed	6 7		26	650	Α			
40.075	76		closed	7 7		27	678	D			
40.090	77		closed	77		28	706	В			
40.105	77		closed	7 8		29	732	Е			
40.120	8 7		closed	7 8		30	759	Α			
40.135	8 7		closed	8 8		31	786	D			
40.150	8 8		closed	8 8		32	812	В			
40.165	8 8		closed	8 9		33	839	Е			
40.180	98		closed	8 9		34	866	Α			
40.195	98		closed	9 9		35	893	D			
40.210	99		closed	9 9		36	920	В			
40.225 9		9	closed	9	10	37	946	Е			
40.240	10 9		closed	9 10		38	972	Α			
40.255 10		9	closed	10	10	39	998	D			
40.270	10	10 c	losed 1	0	10	40	1024	В			
40.285	10	10 c	losed 1	0	11	41	1050	Е			
40.300	11	10 c	losed 1	0	11	42	1077	Α			
40.315	11	10 c	losed 1	1	11	43	1103	D			
40.330	11	11 c	losed 1	1	11	44	1130	В			
40.345	11	11 c	losed 1	1	12	45	1156	Е			



	Gate C Stuck or Inoperable											
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated				
40.360	12	11 c	losed 1	1	12	46	1183	A				
40.375	12	11 c	losed 1	2	12	47	1210	D				
40.390	12	12 c	losed 1	2	12	48	1237	В				
40.405	12	12 c	losed 1	2	13	49	1264	E				
40.420	13	12 c	losed 1	2	13	50	1292	A				
40.435	13	12 c	losed 1	3	13	51	1320	D				
40.450	13	13 c	losed 1	3	13	52	1348	В				
40.465	13	13 c	losed 1	3	14	53	1377	Е				
40.480	14	13 c	losed 1	3	14	54	1405	A				
40.495	14	13 c	losed 1	4	14	55	1433	D				
40.510	14	14 c	losed 1	4	14	56	1462	В				
40.525	14	14 c	losed 1	4	15	57	1492	Е				
40.540	15	14 c	losed 1	4	15	58	1523	A				
40.555	15	14 c	losed 1	5	15	59	1554	D				
40.570	15	15 c	losed 1	5	15	60	1585	В				
40.585	15	15 c	losed 1	5	16	61	1619	E				
40.600	16	15 c	losed 1	5	16	62	1653	A				
40.615	16	15 c	losed 1	6	16	63	1687	D				
40.630	16	16 c	losed 1	6	16	64	1721	В				
40.645	16	16 c	losed 1	6	17	65	1759	Е				
40.660	17	16 c	losed 1	6	17	66	1797	A				
40.675	17	16 c	losed 1	7	17	67	1834	D				
40.690	17	17 c	losed 1	7	17	68	1872	В				
40.705	17	17 c	losed 1	7	18	69	1911	Е				
40.720	18	17 c	losed 1	7	18	70	1949	Α				
40.735	18	17 c	losed 1	8	18	71	1988	D				
40.750	18	18 c	losed 1	8	18	72	2026	В				
40.765	18	18 c	losed 1	8	19	73	2060	Е				
40.780	19	18 c	losed 1	8	19	74	2094	Α				
40.795	19	18 c	losed 1	9	19	75	2127	D				
40.810	19	19 c	losed 1	9	19	76	2161	В				
40.825	19	19 c	losed 1	9	20	77	2277	Е				
40.840	20	19 c	losed 1	9	20	78	2395	Α				
40.855	20	19 c	losed 2	0	20	79	2516	D				
40.870	20	20 c	losed 2	0	20	80	2639	В				
40.885	20	20 c	losed 2	0	21	81	2645	Е				
40.900	21	20 c	losed 2	0	21	82	2650	Α				
40.915	21	20 c	losed 2	1	21	83	2655	D				
40.930	21	21 c	losed 2	1	21	84	2660	В				
40.945	21	21 c	losed 2	1	22	85	2667	Е				
40.960	22	21 c	losed 2	1	22	86	2674	Α				
40.975	22	21 c	losed 2	2	22	87	2680	D				
40.990	22	22 c	losed 2	2	22	88	2687	В				
41.005	22	22 c	losed 2	2	23	89	2694	Е				
41.020	23	22 c	losed 2	2	23	90	2701	Α				
41.035	23	22 c	losed 2	3	23	91	2708	D				
41.050	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2715	В				



	Gate C Stuck or Inoperable											
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated				
41.065	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2722 -					
41.080	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2729 -					
41.095	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2736 -					
41.110	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2742 -					
41.125	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2749 -					
41.140	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2756 -					
41.155	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2763 -					
41.170	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2770 -					
41.185	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2777 -					
41.200	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2784 -					
41.215	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2791 -					
41.230	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2798 -					
41.245	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2805 -					
41.260	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2812 -					
41.275	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2819 -					
41.290	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2826 -					
41.305	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2833 -					
41.320	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2840 -					
41.335	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2847 -					
41.350	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2854 -					
41.365	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2861 -					
41.380	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2868 -					
41.395	23	23 c	losed 2	3	23	92	2875	ı				



	Gate D Stuck or Inoperable										
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated			
39.600	closed clo	sed closed c	losed closed			0	0	-			
39.650	closed clo	sed	1	closed clo	sed	1	16	С			
39.700	closed	closed 1		closed 1		2	32	Е			
39.715	1 close	d	1 close	d	1	3	48	А			
39.730 1		1	1	closed	1	4	64	В			
39.745 1		1	2	closed	1	5	88	С			
39.760 1		1	2	closed	2	6	112	Е			
39.775 2		1	2	closed	2	7	137	Α			
39.790 2		2	2	closed	2	8	161	В			
39.805 2		2	3	closed	2	9	187	С			
39.820 2		2	3	closed	3	10	213	E			
39.835 3		2	3	closed	3	11	240	Α			
39.850 3		3	3	closed	3	12	266	В			
39.865 3		3	4	closed	3	13	294	С			
39.880 3		3	4	closed	4	14	322	E			
39.895 4		3	4	closed	4	15	349	Α			
39.910 4		4	4	closed	4	16	377	В			
39.925 4		4	5	closed	4	17	404	С			
39.940 4		4	5	closed	5	18	430	E			
39.955 5		4	5	closed	5	19	457	Α			
39.970 5		5	5	closed	5	20	484	В			
39.985 5		5	6	closed	5	21	512	С			
40.000 5		5	6	closed	6	22	539	E			
40.015 6		5	6	closed	6	23	567	Α			
40.030 6		6	6	closed	6	24	595	В			
40.045 6		6	7	closed	6	25	623	С			
40.060 6		6	7	closed	7	26	650	Е			
40.075 7		6	7	closed	7	27	678	Α			
40.090 7		7	7	closed	7	28	706	В			
40.105 7		7	8	closed	7	29	732	С			
40.120 7		7	8	closed	8	30	759	E			
40.135 8		7	8	closed	8	31	786	Α			
40.150 8		8	8	closed	8	32	812	В			
40.165 8		8	9	closed	8	33	839	С			
40.180 8		8	9	closed	9	34	866	E			
40.195 9		8	9	closed	9	35	893	Α			
40.210 9		9	9	closed	9	36	920	В			
40.225 9		9	10	closed	9	37	946	С			
40.240	9	9	10 close			38	972	E			
40.255	10	9	10 close			39	998	Α			
40.270	10 10 1			closed	10	40	1024	В			
40.285	10 10 1			closed	10	41	1050	С			
40.300	10 10 1			closed	11	42	1077	E			
40.315	11 10 1			closed	11	43	1103	Α			
40.330	11 11 1			closed	11	44	1130	В			
40.345	11 11 1	2		closed	11	45	1156	С			



Gate D Stuck or Inoperable										
Level	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total	Discharge	Gate		
(m AHD)	44 44 46	<u> </u>		-11	40	Opening	(m³/sec)	Operated		
40.360	11 11 12 12 11 12		-	closed	12	46	1183	E		
40.375			-	closed	12	47	1210	A		
40.390	12 12 12			closed	12	48	1237	В		
40.405	12 12 13		-	closed	12	49	1264	С		
40.420 40.435	12 12 13			closed	13	50	1292	E		
	13 12 13			closed	13	51	1320	A		
40.450	13 13 13			closed	13	52	1348	В		
40.465	13 13 14			closed	13	53	1377	C E		
40.480	13 13 14			closed	14	54	1405			
40.495	14 13 14			closed	14	55	1433	A		
40.510	14 14 14			closed	14	56	1462	В		
40.525	14 14 15			closed	14	57	1492	С		
40.540	14 14 15			closed	15	58	1523	E		
40.555	15 14 15			closed	15	59	1554	A		
40.570	15 15 15			closed	15	60	1585	В		
40.585	15 15 16			closed	15	61	1619	С		
40.600	15 15 16			closed	16	62	1653	E		
40.615	16 15 16			closed	16	63	1687	A		
40.630	16 16 16			closed	16	64	1721	В		
40.645	16 16 17			closed	16	65	1759	С		
40.660	16 16 17			closed	17	66	1797	E		
40.675	17 16 17			closed	17	67	1834	A		
40.690	17 17 17			closed	17	68	1872	В		
40.705	17 17 18			closed	17	69	1911	С		
40.720	17 17 18			closed	18	70	1949	E		
40.735	18 17 18			closed	18	71	1988	A		
40.750	18 18 18			closed	18	72	2026	В		
40.765	18 18 19			closed	18	73	2060	С		
40.780	18 18 19			closed	19	74	2094	E		
40.795	19 18 19			closed	19	75	2127	A		
40.810	19 19 19			closed	19	76	2161	В		
40.825	19 19 20			closed	19	77	2277	С		
40.840	19 19 20			closed	20	78	2395	E		
40.855	20 19 20			closed	20	79	2516	A		
40.870	20 20 20			closed	20	80	2639	В		
40.885	20 20 21			closed	20	81	2645	С		
40.900	20 20 21			closed	21	82	2650	E		
40.915	21 20 21			closed	21	83	2655	A		
40.930	21 21 21			closed	21	84	2660	В		
40.945	21 21 22			closed	21	85	2667	С		
40.960	21 21 22			closed	22	86	2674	E		
40.975	22 21 22			closed	22	87	2680	A		
40.990	22 22 22			closed	22	88	2687	В		
41.005	22 22 23			closed	22	89	2694	С		
41.020	22 22 23			closed	23	90	2701	E		
41.035	23 22 23			closed	23	91	2708	A		
41.050	23 23 23	5		closed	23	92	2715	В		



Gate D Stuck or Inoperable											
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated			
41.065	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2722	-			
41.080	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2729 -				
41.095	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2736 -				
41.110	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2742 -				
41.125	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2749 -				
41.140	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2756 -				
41.155	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2763 -				
41.170	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2770 -				
41.185	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2777 -				
41.200	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2784 -				
41.215	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2791 -				
41.230	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2798 -				
41.245	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2805 -				
41.260	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2812 -				
41.275	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2819 -				
41.290	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2826 -				
41.305	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2833 -				
41.320	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2840 -				
41.335	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2847 -				
41.350	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2854 -				
41.365	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2861 -				
41.380	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2868 -				
41.395	23 23 2	3		closed	23	92	2875	-			



	Gate E Stuck or Inoperable											
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated				
39.600	closed clo	sed closed o	losed		closed	0	0	-				
39.650	closed	closed	1 close	d	closed 1	Ŭ	16	С				
39.700	1 close		1 close		closed 2		32	A				
39.715	1 close		1	1	closed 3		48	D				
39.730	1 1 1 1	<u> </u>	•	•	closed	4	64	В				
39.745	1121				closed	5	88	C				
39.760	2121				closed	6	112	A				
39.775	2122				closed	7	137	D				
39.790	2222				closed	8	161	В				
39.805	2232				closed	9	187	C				
39.820	3232				closed	10	213	A				
39.835	3233				closed	11	240	D				
39.850	3333				closed	12	266	В				
39.865	3 3 4 3				closed	13	294	C				
39.880	4 3 4 3				closed	14	322	A				
39.895	4 3 4 4				closed	15	349	D				
39.910	4 4 4 4				closed	16	377	В				
39.925	4 4 5 4				closed	17	404	C				
39.940	5454				closed	18	430	A				
39.955	5 4 5 5				closed	19	457	D				
39.970	5555				closed	20	484	В				
39.985	5565				closed	21	512	C				
40.000	6565				closed	22	539	A				
40.015	6566				closed	23	567	D				
40.030	6666				closed	24	595	В				
40.045	6676				closed	25	623	C				
40.060	7676				closed	26	650	A				
40.075	7677				closed	27	678	D				
40.090	7777				closed	28	706	В				
40.105	7787				closed	29	732	C				
40.120	8787				closed	30	759	A				
40.135	8788				closed	31	786	D				
40.150	8888				closed	32	812	В				
40.165	8898				closed	33	839	C				
40.180	9898				closed	34	866	A				
40.195	9899				closed	35	893	D				
40.210	9999				closed	36	920	В				
40.225 9		9	10	9	closed	37	946	C				
40.240	10 9	<u> </u>	10 9		closed	38	972	A				
40.255 10		9	10	10	closed	39	998	D				
40.270	10 10 1				closed	40	1024	В				
40.285	10 10 1				closed	41	1050	C				
40.300	11 10 1				closed	42	1077	A				
40.315	11 10 1				closed	43	1103	D				
40.330	11 11 1				closed	44	1130	В				
40.345	11 11 1				closed	45	1156	С				



Gate E Stuck or Inoperable											
Level	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate			
(m AHD) 40.360	12 11 1	0.44			alasad	Opening	1183	Operated			
40.360	12 11 1				closed	46 47	1210	A D			
40.375	12 11 1				closed	48	1210	В			
40.390	12 12 1				closed	48	1264	С			
40.420	13 12 1				closed	50	1204	A			
40.420	13 12 1				closed		1320	D			
	13 12 1					51					
40.450	13 13 1				closed	52	1348	В			
40.465 40.480	14 13 1				closed	53 54	1377 1405	С			
	14 13 1				closed			A			
40.495	14 13 1				closed	55	1433	D			
40.510					closed	56	1462	В			
40.525	14 14 1				closed	57	1492	C			
40.540	15 14 1				closed	58	1523	A			
40.555	15 14 1				closed	59	1554	D			
40.570	15 15 1				closed	60	1585	В			
40.585	15 15 1				closed	61	1619	С			
40.600	16 15 1				closed	62	1653	A			
40.615	16 15 1				closed	63	1687	D			
40.630	16 16 1				closed	64	1721	В			
40.645	16 16 1				closed	65	1759	С			
40.660	17 16 1				closed	66	1797	Α			
40.675	17 16 1				closed	67	1834	D			
40.690	17 17 1				closed	68	1872	В			
40.705	17 17 1				closed	69	1911	С			
40.720	18 17 1				closed	70	1949	Α			
40.735	18 17 1				closed	71	1988	D			
40.750	18 18 1				closed	72	2026	В			
40.765	18 18 1				closed	73	2060	С			
40.780	19 18 1				closed	74	2094	Α			
40.795	19 18 1				closed	75	2127	D			
40.810	19 19 1				closed	76	2161	В			
40.825	19 19 2				closed	77	2277	С			
40.840	20 19 2				closed	78	2395	А			
40.855	20 19 2				closed	79	2516	D			
40.870	20 20 2				closed	80	2639	В			
40.885	20 20 2				closed	81	2645	С			
40.900	21 20 2				closed	82	2650	Α			
40.915	21 20 2				closed	83	2655	D			
40.930	21 21 2				closed	84	2660	В			
40.945	21 21 2				closed	85	2667	С			
40.960	22 21 2				closed	86	2674	Α			
40.975	22 21 2				closed	87	2680	D			
40.990	22 22 2				closed	88	2687	В			
41.005	22 22 2				closed	89	2694	С			
41.020	23 22 2				closed	90	2701	Α			
41.035	23 22 2				closed	91	2708	D			
41.050	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2715	В			



Gate E Stuck or Inoperable										
Level (m AHD)	Gate A	Gate B	Gate C	Gate D	Gate E	Total Opening	Discharge (m³/sec)	Gate Operated		
41.065	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2722 -			
41.080	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2729 -			
41.095	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2736 -			
41.110	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2742 -			
41.125	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2749 -			
41.140	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2756 -			
41.155	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2763 -			
41.170	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2770 -			
41.185	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2777 -			
41.200	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2784 -			
41.215	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2791 -			
41.230	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2798 -			
41.245	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2805 -			
41.260	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2812 -			
41.275	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2819 -			
41.290	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2826 -			
41.305	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2833 -			
41.320	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2840 -			
41.335	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2847 -			
41.350	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2854 -			
41.365	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2861 -			
41.380	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2868 -			
41.395	23 23 2	3 23			closed	92	2875	=		

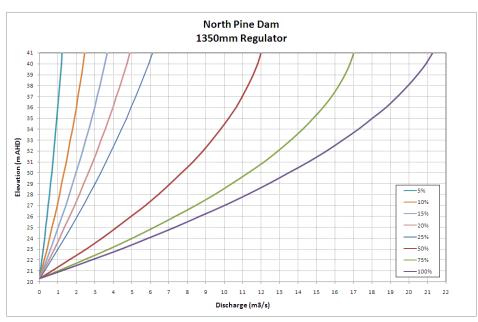


1350mm Regulator

	Opening (%)								
EL	5 1	0	15 2	0	25	50	75	0 0	
m AHD	m3/s								
20.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
21.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3 (. 71	.0	1.2	
22.0	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6 1	. 62	.4	2.8	
23.0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0 2	. 53	.7	4.4	
24.0	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.3 3	. 45	.0	5.9	
25.0	0.3	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.7 4	. 26	.2	7.3	l
26.0	0.4	0.8 1	. 2	1.6 2	. 0	5.0	7.4	8.7	
27.0	0.5	0.9 1	. 4	1.9 2	. 4	5.7	8.4	10.0	
28.0	0.5	1.1 1	. 6	2.1 2	. 7	6.4	9.5	11.2	
29.0	0.6	1.2 1	. 8	2.4 3	. 0	7.1 1	0 .4	12.4	
30.0	0.7	1.3 2	. 0	2.6 3	. 3	7.7 1	1 .3	13.5	
31.0	0.7	1.4 2	. 2	2.9 3	. 6	8.3 1	2 .1	14.5	
32.0	0.8	1.6 2	. 3	3.1 3	. 9	8.8 1	2 .9	15.5	
33.0	0.8	1.7 2	. 5	3.3 4	. 2	9.3 1	3 .6	16.4	
34.0	0.9	1.8 2	. 7	3.6 4	. 4	9.8 1	4 .2	17.3	
35.0	0.9	1.9 2	. 8	3.8 4	. 7	10.2	4 .8	18.0	
36.0	1.0	2.0 3	. 0	4.0 5	. 0	10.6	5 .3	18.7	1
37.0	1.0	2.1 3	. 1	4.2 5	. 2	11.0	5 .8	19.4	
38.0	1.1	2.2 3	. 3	4.4 5	. 4	11.3	6 .2	19.9	1
39.0	1.1	2.3 3	. 4	4.5 5	. 7	11.6	6 .5	20.5	
40.0	1.2	2.4 3	. 5	4.7 5	. 9	11.8	6 .8	20.9	l
41.0	1.2	2.4 3	. 7	4.9 <i>e</i>	. 1	12.0 1	7 .0	21.3	I

	Opening (%)									
	5 1	0 1		5 2	0 2	5	50	75	100	
	ML/d									
	(0 () ()	0	0	0	
	5	9 1		4 1	8 2	3	59	87	102	
1	2	2 3		3 4	4 5	5	139	208	243	
7	3	4 5		26	9 8	6	217	323	379	
3	4	77		0.9	3	117	291	432	508	
9	5	98		8	117	146	362	536	632	
	35	70 1	0	5 1	40 1	76	429	635	751	
	41	82 1	2	2 1	63 2	04	493	729	863	
	46	93 1	3	9 1	85 2	32	554	817	970	
	52	104 1	5	5 2	07 2	59	611	899 1	071	
	57	114 1	7	1 2	28 2	85	665	976 1	166	
	62	124 1	8	62	49 3	11	716 1	048 1	256	
	67	134 2	0	1 2	69 3	36	763 1	115 1	340	
	72	144 2	1	6 2	88 3	60	807 1	176 1	418	
	77	153 2	3	0.3	07 3	83	847 1	231 1	491	
	81	162 2	4	4 3	25 4	06	884 1	281 1	558	
	86	171 2	5	73	43 4	28	918 1	326 1	619	
	90	180 2	7	0.3	60 4	50	949 1	366 1	674	
	94	188 2	8	2 3	76 4	70	976 1	400 1	724	
	98	196 2	9	4 3	92 4	90	999 1	428 1	768	
02	2	204 3	0	6 4	08 5	10 1	020 1	452 1	806	
00	6	211 3	1	7 4	23 5	28 1	036 1	469 1	838	

Comment [r3]: Is there a minimum opening that should be used?



APPENDIX D



NORTH PINE DAM AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT





APPENDIX E

HYDROLOGIC INVESTIGATIONS

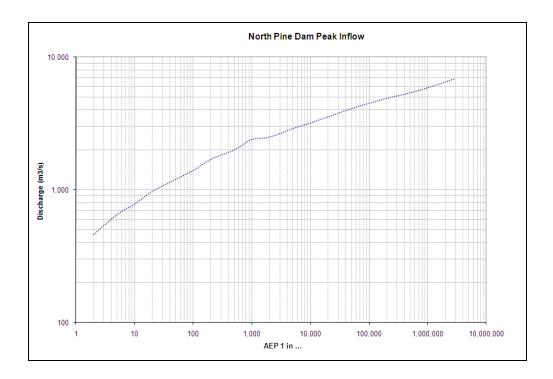
The design flood hydrology for North Pine Dam was updated by SunWater in October 2007 (North Pine Dam Design Flood Hydrology, Oct 2007).

Flood frequency analysis of the flood records at GS120101a Youngs Crossing (pre dam) suggested that the 1974 flood was about a 1 in 100 AEP event.

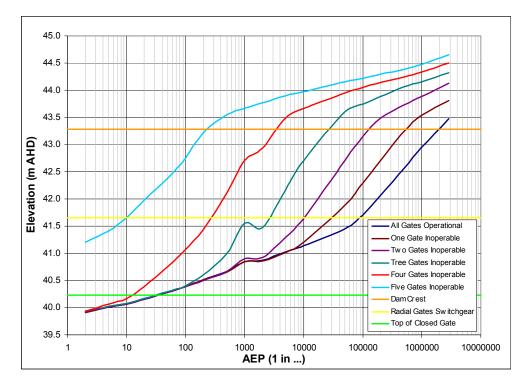
An URBS runoff-routing model of the North Pine was developed and calibrated to three predam floods and four post dam events. While there was a reasonable amount of rainfall data available, calibration of the model was hampered by the lack of key water level data; gauge heights at Youngs Crossing in 1974 (due to gauge failure) and North Pine Dam headwater levels in post dam events.

Design rainfalls were determined using the methodologies outlined in the Generalised Short Duration Method and Generalised Tropical Storm Method Revised. The appropriate temporal patterns suggested by these methodologies were adopted.

The flows derived using the design event approach closely matched pre-dam flood frequency estimates, giving a degree of confidence in the adopted methodology.







Based on the findings of this hydrologic study for North Pine Dam, it is concluded that;

- The notional AEP of the PMP for North Pine Dam is 1 in 2,900,000.
- The critical stor m duration for the inflow is generally the 12 hour storm except for the very frequent and very rare events which tend to be longer.
- The 24 hour PMPDF produces the highest peak inflow of 6,900 m³/s.
- Under normal conditions with all gates operating, the critical duration of the outflow remains generally as 12 hours for events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 200 AEP and for the 1 in 2000 AEP event. For other AEPs, the critical duration increases up to 36 hours.
- The Acceptable Flood Capacity with one gate inoperable is approximately 3,960 m³/s or 61% of the PMPDF for the 24 hour critical duration storm.
- With all gates operating normally,
 - o The 36 hour PMPDF produces the highest peak outflow of 5,400 m³/s.
 - o The AEP of the DCF is about 1 in 2,000,000.
 - In the PMPDF, the dam crest is overtopped for a period of about 12 hours, reached a maximum height of 0.19 metres above the crest.
 - The PMF outflow may be a s high as 6,500 m³/s for a critical duration storm of 36 hours.
- With one gate inoperable,
 - o The 36 hour PMPDF produces the highest peak outflow of 5,800 m³/s.
 - o The AEP of the DCF is about 1 in 550,000.



• With one gate inoperable, In the PMPDF, the dam crest is overtopped for a period of about 23 hours, reached a maximum height of 0.53 metres above the crest.



APPENDIX F

NORTH PINE DAM PLANS, MAPS AND PHOTOGRAPHS







